MRL-7, MRL-7B, MRL-7O, MRL-7-GPS, MRL-7B-GPS

Data logger

Manual

Setup version 2.24 (Firmware 1.42)

16.06.2021



Sommer Messtechnik

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Validity

This manual applies to the Data logger with the setup version 2.24, including all its subversions.

Created: 01.01.2020 Last update: 16.06.2021



EU conformity



This product is in conformity with the following standards:

EMC 2014/30/EU EN 301 489-1 V1.9.2

LVD 2014/35/EU EN 62311:2008

EN 62368-1:2014

RoHS II 2011/65/EU

RoHS III 2015/863/EU



Safety information

Please read this manual carefully before installing or operating this equipment. Non-compliance with the instructions given in this manual can result in failure or damage of the equipment or may put people at risk by injuries through electrical or mechanic impact.

- Installation and electrical connections must be carried out by qualified personnel familiar with the applicable regulations and standards.
- Do not perform any installations in bad weather conditions, e.g. thunderstorms.
- Prior to installation of equipment inform the owner of the measurement site or the authority responsible for it. Upon completion, secure the installation from trespassers.
- Maintenance and repair must be performed by trained personnel or an engineer of Sommer Messtechnik. Only replacement parts supplied by Sommer Messtechnik should be used for repairs.
- Make sure that NO power is connected to the equipment during installation and wiring.
- Only use a power supply that complies with the power rating specified for this equipment.
- Keep equipment dry during wiring and maintenance.
- If applicable, it is recommended to use accessories of Sommer Messtechnik with this equipment.

Disposal



After this device has reached the end of its lifetime, it must not be disposed of with household waste! Instead, dispose of the device by returning it to a designated collection point for the recycling of waste electrical and electronic equipment.

Dispose of batteries separately!

Feedback

Should you come across any error in this manual, or if you miss information to handle and operate the MRL-7 we are pleased to receive your feedback to office@sommer.at.



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1 What is the MRL-7?

The MRL-7 is a compact data logger designed to acquire, process and store all sorts of environmental data. Its waterproof housing, integrated modem and solar charger make the MRL-7 ideal for remote, autonomous monitoring applications. The MRL-7 is compatible with all sensors offered by SOMMER Messtechnik and all third-party devices equipped with analog, SDI-12 or RS485 interface options.

2 Unpacking

When unpacking your MRL-7 sensor box please make sure that the following items are present:

Name

MRL-7 in the required version

Manual and Commander Software on USB stick

In case of missing or damaged items please contact your Sommer Messtechnik sales partner.



3 How do I start?

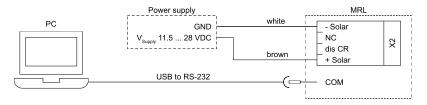
Follow the steps below to get the first measurement:



NOTE Perform the first start-up in your lab or office before installing the equipment in the field!

3.1 Connect the MRL-7 to a PC

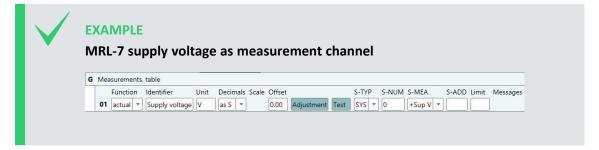
- 1. Install the Commander support software (see Installation of Commander)
- 2. Connect the RS-232 to USB converter cable to the MRL-7 and a USB port on your PC.
- 3. Connect a 9...28 VDC power supply to the MRL-7 as shown in the figure below.



- 4. Start the Commander software.
- 5. Click on Communication assistant on the right-hand side of the Commander window and follow the instructions. During this procedure the communication assistant will search for connected devices. Upon successful completion, the new connection is added to the connections list (tab Connections (F8)).
- 6. Click Connect to establish a connection with the MRL-7. If the connection was successful a green icon is displayed at the top-right corner of the Commander window.
- 7. Select the tab Parameters (F2) and click Download parameters from device on the left side of the Commander window. The complete parameter list is transferred from the sensor to your PC and displayed in the Parameter window.

3.2 Configure the MRL-7

- 1. Select language and decimal character to your needs (menu Technics).
- 2. Set Measurement Interval and Storage interval in the main menu to the desired interval, e.g. 1 minute, i.e. 00:01:00.
- 3. Add a measurement channel to the measurement table in the main menu as in the example below (see Measurement table for details).



4. Send the parameters to the MRL-7 by clicking Upload modified parameters to device.



TIP

To configure the MRL-7 for your application, please read What do I need to configure? and see Data acquisition examples for various sensor connections.

To configure remote communication via mobile modem please see How to activate mobile communication.

3.3 View live measurements

- 1. Select the Measurement (F3) tab.
- 2. Make sure the connection to the MRL-7 is active (green icon on top right corner of the Commander). The acquired measurements are now displayed in Measurement values list and the Measurement data graph.



NOTE

For further configuration tasks like sensor connection or modem setup please go to section Operation.

To learn more about the Commander software go to section Support software Commander.

4 What can I do with it?

All data logger inputs, outputs and additional features are illustrated in Figure 1.

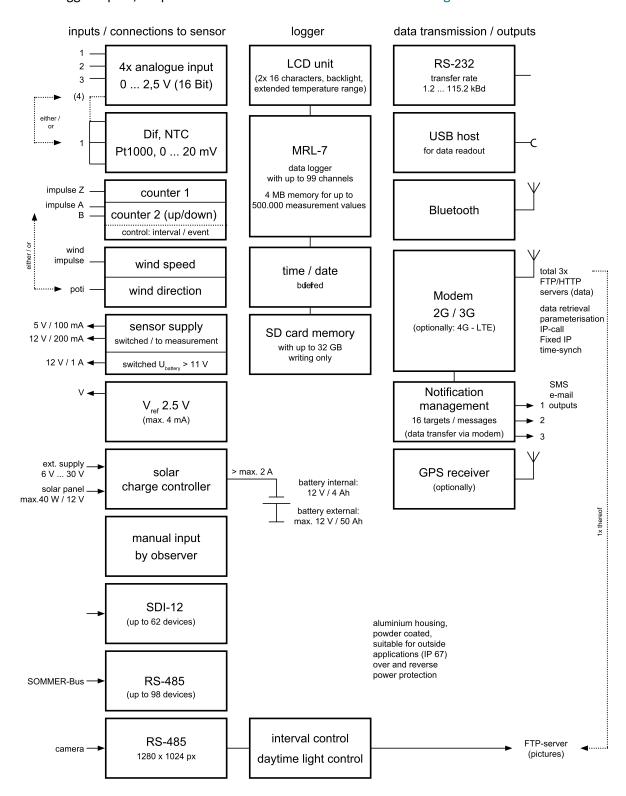


Figure 1 Data logger in- and outputs

4.1 Measurement options

The MRL-7 data logger is designed to acquire measurements of the following sensor types:

- Analog sensor with voltage and current output
- Resistive sensors, e.g. wind vanes with potentiometer output
- Sensors with frequency output, e.g. anemometers
- Sensors with pulse output, e.g. tipping bucket rain gauge
- Digital sensors using SDI-12 and Sommer RS-485 protocols

4.1.1 Analog measurements

The analog input terminals can be configured to different input signals. lists the available options.

Analog input	Measurement options
An 1	0 2.5V
An 2	0 2.5V
An 3	0 2.5V NTC Resistance > $2k\Omega$
An 4	0 2.5V 0 0.3V Resistance > $1k25\Omega$ Resistance < $1k25\Omega$ PT1000
Wind direction / Counter 2b	Either resistance (potentiometer) or pulse counter for encoder (min. 5V); selected by DIP-switch (see Appendix D)

Analog input terminals

4.1.2 Counts & frequency

The available counter and frequency inputs are listed below:

Analog input	Measurement options
Counter 1	Pulse counter (min. 5V), max. frequency 99 Hz; configurable as pull-up or pull down (see Appendix D)
Counter 2	Pulse counter (min. 5V), max. frequency 99 Hz; configurable as pull-up or pull down (see Appendix D)
Wind speed	Dedicated to wind speed only, max. frequency 1 kHz

Counter and frequency input terminals

4.1.3 SDI-12 data acquisition

The MRL-7 provides one SDI-12 port. A total of 62 SDI-12 sensors with the addresses 0...9, a...z and A...Z can be connected.

4.1.4 Serial RS-485 data acquisition

The RS-485 port of the MRL-7 provides an interface to connect digital SOMMER sensors and can be configured to polling or pushing mode. A total of 98 Sensors with addresses *01...98* can be connected.



ATTENTION If multiple sensors are connected to the RS-485 bus and if more than one sensor is talking, data communication conflicts can occur.

4.1.5 GPS positioning

The MRL-7GPS is equipped with a GPS-receiver for moving monitoring applications, e.g. on floating buoys. The data logger can record its position to an accuracy of <100 m and send a message if it crosses a defined limit.

All variables listed in Measurement table can thus be converted to the desired signal output.

4.2 Sensor power supply

Sensors can be powered by the voltage supply terminals listed in . Please consult the sensor manual for information on power requirements.

Output	Maximum load
5V-Out	max. 100 mA
12V-Out	max. 200 mA
2.5V Reference	4 mA
4 x Switched 12V supplies	1 x 1.10 A 3 x 0.50 A max. 2 A

Voltage supply terminals

4.3 Communication options

4.3.1 Direct connection to a PC

Communication between the MRL-7 and a PC can be established with the supplied USB to RS-232 converter. The Commander software or any terminal editor can be used to view and edit the data logger settings. Among others, the Commander provides a Communication assistant to connect to the data logger.

4.3.2 Bluetooth

A connection between the MRL-7 and your PC can also be established via Bluetooth. If your PC is equipped with an internal or external Bluetooth-device, the Communication assistant of the Commander software can connect to the data logger (see Bluetooth for detailed instructions).

4.3.3 IP-call

The MRL-7 is equipped with a wireless UMTS-modem that uses the 2G, 3G and 4G services. This allows remote communication with the data logger via IP-call, HTTP/FTP data transfer, e-mail and SMS-messages as well as time synchronization via NTP.

4.4 Data storage options

4.4.1 Internal data storage

Acquired measurement data are stored in a flash memory of 4 MB, which corresponds to approx. 500'000 values. Optionally, a MicroSD card with up to 32 GB memory can be inserted into the provided card slot. If a MicroSD card is present, data are automatically written to it once a month.

Once the internal flash memory is full, the oldest data are overwritten. No further data are written to a full MicroSD card.

4.4.2 USB flash drive

Data stored internally can be collected on a USB flash drive. After connection to the data logger and a keyboard command all data since the last collection are transferred to the USB flash drive. See How to copy data to a USB flash drive for detailed instructions.

4.4.3 Remote data storage

The acquired data stored in the data logger can be transmitted to a HTTP or FTP server. A maximum of three servers with three different transmission intervals can be configured. At the end of each interval all data and/or camera images since the last successful transmission are sent. See How to set up data transmission for detailed instructions.

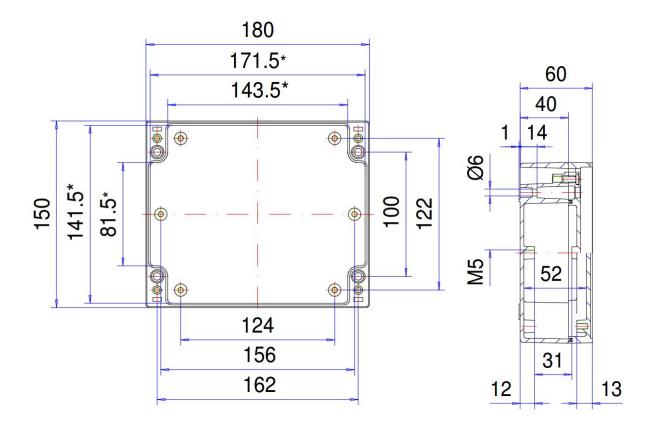
5 Versions

Art	Version
20054	MRL-7 data logger with integrated 2G / 3G modem and solar charger
20992	MRL-7 data logger with integrated 4G modem (Europe) and solar charger
20061	MRL-7 data logger with integrated 4G modem (North America) and solar charger
20056	MRL-7B data logger with integrated 2G / 3G modem, solar charger, 4 Ah lead-acid battery
20840	MRL-70 data logger with integrated solar charger
20055	MRL-7 data logger with integrated GPS receiver, 2G / 3G modem and solar charger
20057	MRL-7B data logger with integrated GPS receiver, 2G / 3G modem, solar charger, 4 Ah lead-acid battery

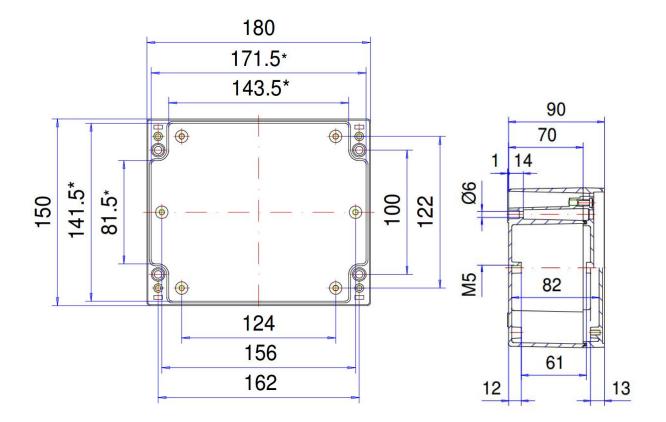
6 Specifications

Device specifications		
Power supply	11.5 28 VDC; Overvoltage and reverse voltage protection Solar panel supply: max. 40 W/12 V MRL-7B: Internal lead-acid battery: 12 V/4 Ah, deep-discharge protected	
Power consumption	Active: <23 mA @12V Standby: <0.6 mA @ 12V	
Sensor supply	100 mA @ 5V 200 mA @ 12V 1x 1.10 A and 3 x 0.50 A @ switched supply voltage (max. 2 A in total)	
Inputs	4x Analog 02.5 V, 16 bit (3 single ended, 1 differential) 2x Counter (one optionally as encoder) 1x Wind speed 1x Wind direction 1x RS-485 sensor or camera input 1x SDI-12 (MRL-7 as master) 1x Manual observer input (has no measurement input; only accepts an offset)	
Outputs	3x Switch output (each approx. 500 mA @ supply voltage) 1x RS-232 (1200115200 Baud, ASCII protocol) 1x RS-485 1x USB 1x Bluetooth	
Memory	4 MB internal flash memory (equivalent to approx. 500'000 measurement values) 32 GB SD-card (write only)	
Measurement interval	1 s 24 h	
Mobile modem	2G, 3G (optionally 4G) 3 FTP/HTTP servers Functions: IP call, fixed IP, time-synchronization via NTP, e-Mail and SMS messages	
Operating temperature	-30 60 °C (-22140 °F), 1095 %rH	
Storage temperature, humidity	-40 85 °C (-40185 °F), 1095 %rH	

Device specifications		
Protection rating	IP 67	
Size L x W x H	MRL-7: 180 x 150 x 60 mm (7.09 x 5.91 x 2.36 inch) MRL-7B: 180 x 150 x 90 mm (7.09 x 5.91 x 3.54 inch)	
Weight	MRL-7: 1260 g (2.78 lb) MRL-7B: 1610 g (3.55 lb)	



Dimensions MRL-7



Dimensions MRL-7B

Figure 2 MRL-7 dimensions

7 Components

7.1 Terminals

The pin-layout of the MRL-7 is shown in Figure 3 and the terminals are listed in the table below.



ATTENTION Do not connect voltages >30 V to any terminal! Excess voltages can impair the functioning of the MRL-7, destroy the device and may lead to injuries.

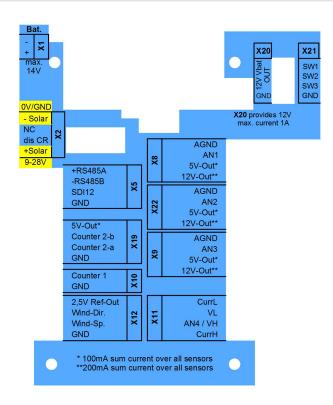


Figure 3 Connection terminals of MRL-7

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Group	Pin	Description
X1	-	Battery connector (-)
	+	Battery connector (+), max. 14 V
	- Solar	Supply voltage (-) or solar panel connector (-)
	NC	Not connected. Do not use!
X2	dis CR	Disabling internal charge regulator
	+ Solar	Supply voltage (+) or solar panel connector (+)
	+ RS485A	RS-485 A
X5	- RS485B	RS-485 B
٨٥	SDI12	SDI-12 sensor connector
	GND	Ground
	5V-Out	5 V output for sensor supply (max. 100 mA) *)
X19	Counter 2-b	Counter 2 secondary input for encoders
XIJ	Counter 2-a	Counter 2 input
	GND	Ground
V10	Counter 1	Counter 1 input
X10	GND	Ground
	2.5V Ref-Out	2.5 V reference voltage output
V12	Wind-Dir.	Wind direction (potentiometer) input
X12	Wind-Sp.	Wind speed input
	GND	Ground
X8	AGND	Analog ground
	AN1	Analog input 1
	5V-Out	5 V output for sensor supply (max. 100 mA) *)
	12V-Out	12 V output for sensor supply (max. 200 mA))

Group	Pin	Description
X22	AGND	Analog ground
	AN2	Analog input 2
	5V-Out	5 V output for sensor supply (max. 100 mA) $^{*)}$
	12V-Out	12 V output for sensor supply (max. 200 mA) **)
	AGND	Analog ground
	AN3	Analog input 3
Х9	5V-Out	5 V output for sensor supply (max. 100 mA) *)
	12V-Out	12 V output for sensor supply (max. 200 mA) **)
	CurrL	Differential current input (-)
X11	VL	Differential voltage input (-)
XII	AN4 / VH	Differential voltage input (+)
	CurrH	Differential current input (+)
	12Vbat OUT	12 V power supply (> max. 1 A)
V20	12Vbat OUT	12 V power supply (> max. 1 A)
X20	12Vbat OUT	12 V power supply (> max. 1 A)
	GND	Ground
X21	SW1	switching output 1, 12 V
	SW2	switching output 2, 12 V
	SW3	switching output 3, 12 V
	GND	Ground
*) 100 mA total current for all sensors		

^{*) 100} mA total current for all sensors **) 200 mA total current for all sensors

8 Installation

8.1 Where should I install the MRL-7?

The MRL-7 has been designed for applications in harsh environments. With its IP-67 protection rating it can be installed directly at the measurement facility.

If additional control and acquisition devices are used, the MRL-7 may also be mounted in a suitably sized cabinet.



ATTENTION If the MRL-7 is installed outdoors, make sure the device cover and cable glands are tightened firmly and that unused glands are replaced with watertight blanking plugs (see accessories list in Unpacking).

8.2 Required tools and equipment

Prepare the following tools and equipment to install the MRL-7:

■ 1x 5 mm Philips or flat screw driver (depending on mounting bolts)

8.3 How do I install the MRL-7?

8.3.1 Mounting

The MRL-7 can be mounted to a mounting plate of an electrical cabinet or any other back-plate with four M5 cylinder head screws with hexagon socket or M4 cylinder head screws with slot. The mounting holes can be accessed by removing the cover strips on both sides of the MRL-7 (see 8.3.1)



Figure 4 Mounting holes of MRL-7

8.3.2 Power supply

The MRL-7 is designed for power saving applications where mains power is not available. When actively performing measurements and acquiring data from digital sensors the data logger consumes up to 23 mA, in idle mode less than 0.6 mA at 12 VDC. Power consumption can increase considerably if the MRL-7 needs to supply connected sensors of if the communication modem is active for longer periods.

The MRL-7 can be powered with a 9...28 VDC power supply connected to the + Solar/- Solar of terminal X2 if mains power is available at the monitoring site. Alternatively, the MRL-7 can be solar powered as described in Solar power.

Solar power

An integrated solar charger allows the MRL-7 to be powered by solar energy. The charger can regulate a solar panel power up to 40 W at 12 V. Follow the steps below to assemble a solar powered data logger unit:

- 1. Prepare appropriately dimensioned wires for connecting the solar panel and battery. For cable length up to 5 m, use 1.5-mm2 copper wire. For longer cable length please consult an expert or SOMMER Messtechnik.
- 2. Connect a 12 V lead-acid battery with the correct polarity to the X1 terminal of the data logger. Connect a 20 A fuse to the connecting wire as shown in Figure 5.



ATTENTION The MRL-7B contains a lead-acid battery with a capacity of 4 Ah. This capacity can be extended by an external battery. Make sure that the external battery is of the same type as the internal one, i.e. lead acid.

3. Ensure that the solar panel is not exposed to light and connect it with the correct polarity to the X2 terminal of the data logger.



Figure 5 Wiring of a solar panel

8.3.3 Signal cables

Please consider the maximum cable lengths for the applied transmission protocol:

Protocol	Max. cable length [m]	
SDI-12	60	
RS-485	300	



NOTE Cable lengths longer than 60 m require a heavier gauge wire if the power supply drops below 11 V.

8.3.4 Surge protection

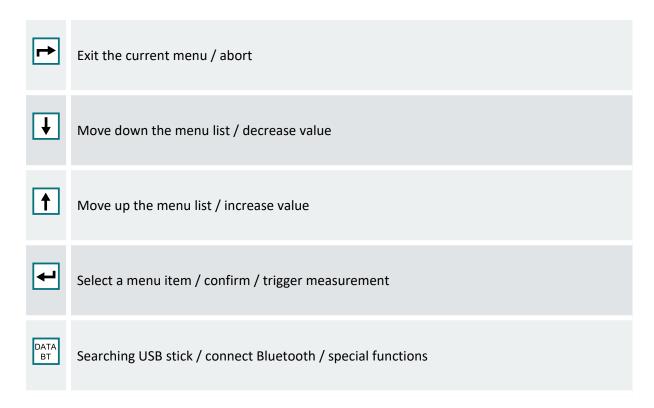
Direct and indirect lightning strikes can damage or destroy the data logger. Carefully selected and designed measurement sites reduce this risk. For proper surge protection please consult the applicable regulations in your country, an expert in lightning protection or SOMMER Messtechnik.

9 Operation

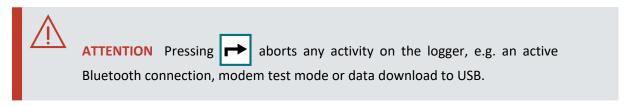
9.1 How to use the keyboard

9.1.1 Keyboard buttons

The keyboard on the data logger can be used to view data and to configure a range of settings. The keys have the following navigation functions:



If a Bluetooth connection is active, the message *BT active no access!* is displayed and any manual access to the data logger is denied.



9.1.2 Display menu

The settings and data that can be accessed by the keyboard on the data logger are listed in .

Start screen	Displays the station number, date and time.	
* Measurements *	Menu containing the latest measurements of the variables specified in Measurement table.	
1	Variable 1	
2	Variable 2	
3	Variable 3	
*** Stored V ***	Menu containing the stored measurements of the variables specified in Measurement table.	
01 03	Variables 1 3	
*** Settings ***	Settings as described in Reading and changing a setting	
**** Status ****	Status information	
1	Station No.	
2	SOMMER ID	
3	Station name	
4	Date	
5	Time	
6	Software version	
7	IMSI mobile network identification	
8	State of modem	
9	Type of modem	
10	Mobile signal quality (CSQ)	

Display menu structure



NOTE At very low ambient temperatures the LCD Display may react slowly and entered commands may not be visible instantly!

9.1.3 Activating the display

Press any key for at least one second. The data logger then displays the station number, current date and time. After four seconds of inactivity the display automatically shows the first measurement

variable.

9.1.4 Switching off the display

The display is automatically switched off if no button is pressed within 10 seconds after activation. Otherwise the display is switched off after one minute of inactivity.

Alternatively, the display can be switched off by pressing for at least two seconds. *Access and hold key!* is shown and the display is switched off by holding the key.

9.1.5 Displaying the last measurement values

After activating the data logger, press any arrow key to show the value of the first measurement variable. Press the up and down keys to navigate through the measurement list.

Press to trigger a measurement of the selected variable.

9.1.6 Replace and adjust a measurement value

To adjust an automatically recorded value with a measurement acquired manually or with a secondary sensor perform the following steps:

- 1. Navigate to the required variable as described in Displaying the last measurement values above.
- 2. Hold for at least two seconds.
- 3. Enter the access code by pressing 2x followed by 2x.
- 4. Adjust the value with and and . Hold the keys to increase/decrease the value more quickly.
- 5. Confirm with or abort with

A measurement value can quickly be adjusted to zero by pressing DATA BT



ATTENTION As long as the display is active during the ongoing session, the entered access code unlocks all system settings of the data logger!

9.1.7 Reading and changing a setting

The settings listed in can be read and changed directly on the data logger by performing the following steps:

- 1. Press until you get to the main menu.
- 2. Navigate to *** Settings *** with lacksquare and lacksquare and press lacksquare.
- 3. Enter the access code by pressing 2x followed by 2x .
- 4. Navigate to the desired setting with $\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline \begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline \begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline \begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline \begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline \begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline \begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|} \hline \end{tabular} & and & \en$
- 5. Adjust the value with and . Hold the keys to increase/decrease the value more quickly.
- 6. Confirm with or abort with

Setting	Example Value	Description
Station No.	20160111	Station number
Date	06.04.2017	Current date
Time	09:26:28	Current time
Exposure lock	off	Access to measurement values
Copy all data	-	Copies all internally stored data to a USB flash drive
Erase all data	-	Erases all stored data
Continuous M	turn on	Continuous Measurement
Adjust Contrast	weak	Adjusts the display contrast
Reboot Device	-	Reboots the MRL-7
Modem Test- mode	-	Tests the internal mobile modem. Only available if a modem is configured.
GPS fix	-	Stores the current Lat- and Long-coordinates permanently (until next function call or data erase)

Accessible settings

Exposure lock

Controls the access to measurement data. If active, measurement values cannot be accessed. An exception are values of the manual observer input. Also, copying data to a USB flash drive or to another device via Bluetooth is blocked.

Copy all data

Copies all stored data to a connected USB flash drive.

Erase all data

Deletes all measurement data from the data logger.



ATTENTION Use with caution! Erased data cannot be retrieved!

Continuous M

Activates a continuous monitoring mode in which measurements are performed in the shortest possible interval. This mode is intended for testing purposes and is automatically deactivated after three minutes.

Adjust Contrast

Adjusts the brightness of the LCD-display in four levels: base, weak, medium and high.

Reboot Device

Reboots the data logger without the need to switch the power supply, e.g. after firmware updates.

Modem Testmode

Performs a modem test that includes the following tasks:

- Initialization of the modem. The SIM-card IMSI number is displayed (to freeze the display press the DATA/BT button).
- The signal strength of the mobile network is tested and displayed.
- The defined mobile communication actions are carried out (time synchronization, data transfer to FTP or HTTP server, activation of IP-call function).

9.2 How to open the data logger housing

The data logger has a waterproof design which requires the sensors, SIM card and MicroSD card to be connected internally.



ATTENTION To avoid the risk of electric shock disconnect the power supply before opening the housing!

To open the housing remove the cover strips on both sides of the data logger and loosen the four bolts with a Philips or flat-head screwdriver. Then, remove the lid by turning it carefully upside down. Be careful not to strain any signal wires.

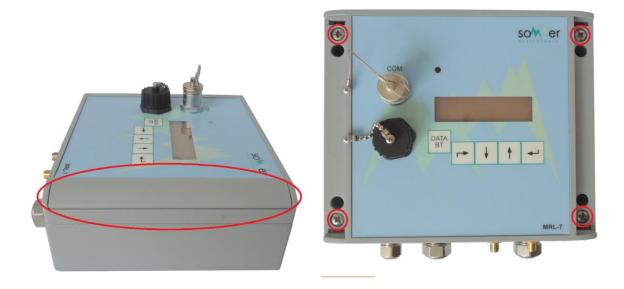




Figure 6 Open the MRL-7 housing



ATTENTION

Before closing the data logger place a desiccant bag (approx. 5g) into the housing and make sure that the rubber seal is not broken and firmly sitting in its groove!

When closing, tighten diagonally positioned screws step by step!

9.3 How to use the spring clips

To connect a sensor to the MRL-7, 2- or 4-pin spring clips as shown in Figure 7 are used.



Figure 7 4-pin spring clip

After removing the spring clip from the data logger, the sensor wires are connected in the following way:



Push a 2-mm flat-head screwdriver into the spring slot to open the connection terminal.



Insert the wire into the connection terminal.



Make sure the wire is inserted down to the bottom of the connection terminal.



Pull out the screwdriver and verify that the wire is fixed firmly.

9.4 How to connect a sensor

To connect a sensor to the MRL-7 follow the steps described below:

- 1. Open the housing as describes in How to open the data logger housing
- 2. Feed the sensor cable through the cable gland and connect it to the specified terminal (see Terminals). For handling the spring clips see How to use the spring clips.
- 3. After closing the data logger, carefully tighten the cable glands. When closing the data logger, pull out any excess cable without applying too much stress on the connected wires!

9.5 How to set the clock

The time of the MRL-7 can also be synchronized manually by clicking Set device time in the Commander Parameters (F2) tab.



ATTENTION If the internal lithium button cell battery is replaced, the current device time is lost and needs to be re-synchronized!

9.6 How to copy data to a USB flash drive

9.6.1 Copy data since last download

- 1. Insert a USB flash drive into the USB port of the MRL-7.
- 2. Activate the data logger.
- 3. Press DATA BT . Data are now copied to the USB flash drive.

9.6.2 Copy all data

- 1. Activate the data logger.
- 2. Press until you get to the main menu.
- 4. Enter the access code by pressing 2x followed by 2x
- 5. Navigate to Copy all data with and and press ... The data are now copied to the USB flash drive as a csv-file in the SommerXF format. The data can then be viewed with the Commander.

9.7 How to insert the SIM card



Figure 8 Slots for SIM-card, MicroSD-card and lithium battery

The location of the SIM-card slot is shown in Figure 8. The slot only accepts Micro-SIM cards.



To insert a SIM-card open the housing as described in Section How to open the data logger housing and unlock the card-slot by pressing gently on the metal cover and sliding it slightly to the left



Open the cover of the slot.



Place the SIM-card in the correct position onto the contact pins.



ATTENTION Insert the SIM-cardin the position as shown in the image!



Close the cover and slide it back into the locked position.

9.8 How to activate mobile communication

For remote communication with the MRL-7 and regular data transmission, mobile communication needs to be activated. Follow the steps below for configuration:

- 1. Insert the SIM card as described in How to insert the SIM card.
- 2. Connect an antenna to the MRL-7.
- 3. Power the MRL-7, connect it to Commander and download the parameter file (see RS-232 using an USB converter for details).
- 4. In the menu Modem set Network functionality to on.
- 5. Enter the pin of your SIM card.



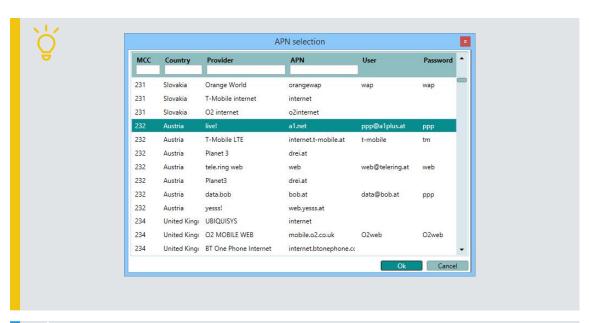
TIP Deactivate the SIM-pin with your mobile phone and enter -1 in SIM pin!

6. Enter the APN information in the menu Modem config. This information is available from your mobile network provider.



TIP

Click Select APN in the Special commands section of the Commander and select the APN information of your provider!





NOTE Please note, that some provides do not require a username and password!

- 7. In the menu Remote config set Standby, start time to 00:00:00 and Standby, duration to 23:59:59. This enables permanent access to the MRL-7.
- 8. Click Upload modified parameters to device to write the settings to the MRL-7.
- 9. Re-power the MRL-7 to activate the new modem settings.
- 10. In the menu Special functions click Device status. If all modem settings are correct the assigned IP-address is displayed in a pop-up window.



9.9 How to do a modem test

Follow the instructions below to test communication via modem:

- 1. Make sure the MRL-7 is powered.
- 2. Verify that an antenna is connected to the MRL-7.
- 3. Verify that the setup parameter Network functionality is set to on.
- 4. Activate the display of the MRL-7 by pressing one of the arrow buttons.
- 5. Press until you get to the main menu, i.e. *Measurements*.
- 6. Navigate to *** Settings *** with ↓ and ↑ and press ← .
- 7. Enter the access code by pressing 2x followed by 2x
- 8. Navigate to Modem Testmode with and and press . The MRL-7 now performs several tests:
 - 1. The modem is initialized and the SIM card IMSI is displayed.
 - 2. The signal strength is displayed.
 - 3. The configured mobile communication actions are carried out: time synchronization, data transfer to the defined FTP or HTTP servers, activation of IP-call function.



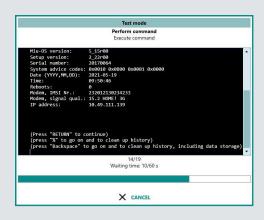
ATTENTION As soon as the IMSI-number is displayed, press DATA BT to freeze the display! Note the IMSI-number; it is required for remote access via IP-call!

9. After completion, the MRL-7 displays a message whether the test was successful.



TIP

The function of the modem can also be tested with the MRL-7 connected to the Commander. Click Device status in the parameter menu Special functions. If the modem has connected to the mobile network it will display the assigned dynamic IP-address.



9.10 How to get the modem IMEI number

The International Mobile Equipment Identity (IMEI) is printed on the modem module of the MRL-7. Follow the steps below to access the modem and read its IMEI number:

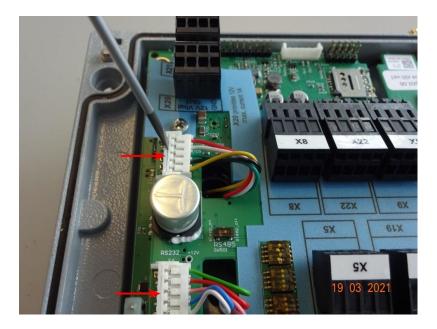
- 1. Unpower the MRL-7.
- 2. After a few minutes, open the MRL-7 as described in How to open the data logger housing.
- 3. Unplug all terminals which have wires connected. Make sure you remember the position of the terminals for reconnection.



4. Loosen and remove the four screws that fix the electronic board.



5. Carefully unplug the white USB and RS232 plugs from their sockets with a small flat screw-driver.



6. Now, no wires should be connected to the electronic board anymore.



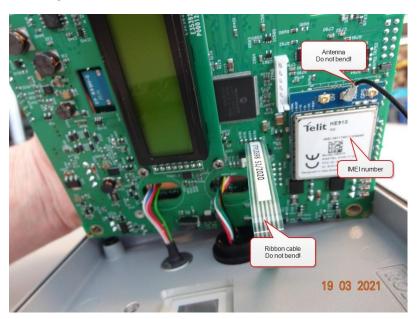
7. Carefully lift the electronic board on the side with the lithium button battery.



ATTENTION The antenna and the ribbon cables must not be overstrained or unplugged!



8. Read the IMEI, a 15-digit number on the modem.



9. Reassemble the MRL-7 in the reversed order listed above.

9.11 How to set messages & actions

In the measurement table limit values can be specified for critical variables. If a limit value is violated the MRL-7 can perform one of the following actions (specified in Messages, table):

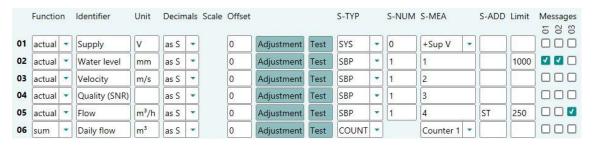
ID	Message	Description	
1	off	No message is sent.	
2	Switch	A switch output is closed if a trigger condition is satisfied.	
3	E-Mail	An E-mail is sent to a defined recipient if the trigger condition is satisfied. Not available with MRL-7 O-Versions.	
4	text	A SMS message is sent to a defined recipient if the trigger condition is satisfied. Not available with MRL-7 O-Versions.	

Follow the instructions below to configure messages & actions:

- 1. In the menu Messages, table select the message type (switch, E-Mail or text).
- 2. Enter the recipients e-mail address, the subject and content of the message.



- 3. If you have selected *Switch*, tick one the switches 01, 02 or 03 (wired on terminal X21) and enter the time in seconds the switch should be active.
- 4. Link the messages & actions to the variables in the measurement table by ticking the corresponding Messages.



As shown in this example multiple messages can be assigned to one or more variable.

5. Enter the threshold values that trigger a message or action. By default a message or action is triggered if the measured value exceeds the threshold. To trigger a message when the measured value falls below the threshold, enter the command *ST* in S-ADD as shown above.



TIP Messages can contain special commands to provide precise information about the trigger condition. The message Wind speed at %sname% is %rval% %cunit%! is received as Wind speed at AWOS_01 is 31.24 m/s!. See Messages, table for a full list of available codes.

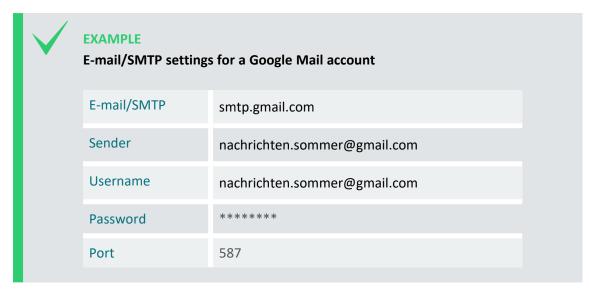


NOTE Up to 16 actions can be specified and associated with multiple variables.

9.12 How to enable e-mail

Follow the instructions below to enable messages by e-mail as described in How to set messages & actions:

- 1. Obtain the settings for the e-mail account you want to use or create a new account, e.g. Google Mail.
- 2. Enter the account information in the menu E-mail/SMTP as in the following example.





NOTE SOMMER Messtechnik does not provide e-mail services! Please contact your IT department to setup an e-mail account, or create your own account with an online-provider, e.g. Google,...

3. Set SSL encryption in the parameter Custom command 1 in menu Modem config by entering the code at { } smtpcfg=1,587,1.



NOTE Check with your service provider if SSL encryption is required!



TIP

To test E-mail transmission, define a random variable in Measurement table with Scale 0 and Offset 10, and set a limit value as in the following example.



To trigger a message, increase Offset to a value above Limit and upload the parameter to the MRL-7.

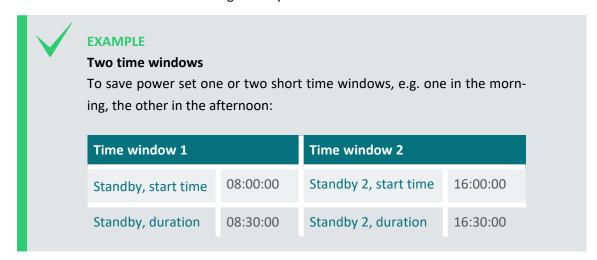
9.13 How to enable remote access

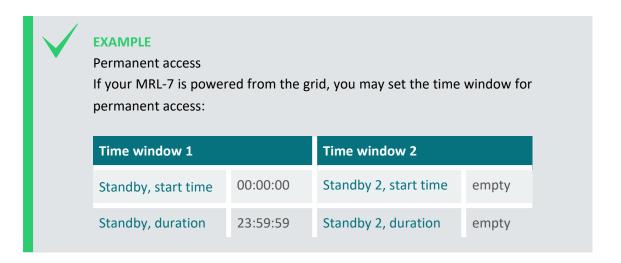
The Commander software communicates with a remote MRL-7 via IP-Call. Follow the steps below to enable remote communication:

- 1. Activate mobile communication as described in How to activate mobile communication.
- 2. Set the parameters in the menu Remote config to the following values:

Background function	time wi. + IP call
IP Call server	mds.sommer.at
IP Call port	4647
IP Call interval	00:01:00

3. Set one or two time windows during which you want to be able to connect to the MRL-7.



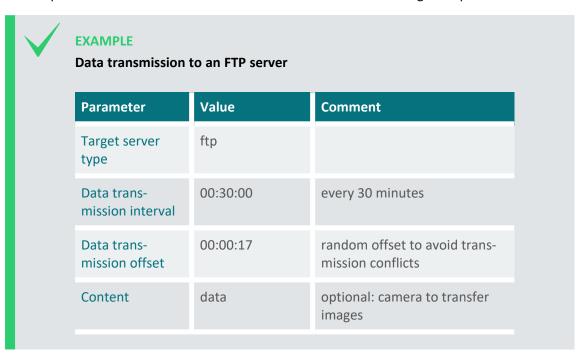


9.14 How to set up data transmission

To enable scheduled data transmission, an HTTP or FTP server has to be specified in at least one of four available server configurations (Data transmission 1, Data transmission 2, Data transmission 3 or Data transmission 4). By default, the *Measurement Data Server* (MDS) of SOMMER Messtechnik is configured. If you have subscribed to this service, you can access the transmitted data on the server's webpage.

Follow the steps below to set up regular data transmission:

- 1. Activate mobile communication as described in How to activate mobile communication.
- 2. Set the parameters in the Data transmission menus as in the following examples:





Parameter	Value	Comment
FTP server name	ftp.myserver.at	
FTP user name	myuser	
FTP password	*****	
FTP directory	/data	an optional sub-directory
FTP port	21	
FTP mode	active	optional: passive



EXAMPLE

Data transmission to an HTTP server

Parameter	Value	Comment
Target server type	http	
Data trans- mission interval	00:10:00	every 10 minutes
Data trans- mission offset	00:00:31	random offset to avoid transmission conflicts
Content	data	optional: <i>camera</i> to transfer images
HTTP server name	mds.sommer.at	
HTTP path	/Web-Ser- vice/sommerDaten.php	the data des- tination
HTTP port	80	



NOTE At each interval, data since the last successful transmission are sent to the server. A copy of the data remains on the data logger until overwritten by newer data.



NOTE If measurement data and camera images need to be transmitted, two separate data transmission tasks need to be configured.

9.15 How to insert the MicroSD card

The location of the MicroSD-card slot is shown in Figure 8.



To insert a MicroSD-card open the housing as described in Section How to open the data logger housing and unlock the card-slot by pressing gently on the metal cover and sliding it slightly towards the top.



Open the cover of the slot.



Place the MicroSD-card in the correct position onto the contact pins.



Close the cover and slide it back into the locked position.

9.16 How to replace the internal fuse

An internal fuse is mounted next to the X1 power supply terminal to protect the MRL-7 from any power surges or power failure effects.

To replace the fuse, unplug any externally connected power supply and remove the cover of the MRL-7 as described in Section How to open the data logger housing. Replace the fuse with a new one of type Littlefuse Mini Series 297, 2A, 32V (available, e.g. from Farnell, order-nr. 9943811).

9.17 How to replace the internal lithium battery

The 3V lithium button cell battery of type CR1225 powers the MRL-7 clock. Perform the following steps to replace the battery:



To remove the button cell battery gently push the cell out of its housing from the side using a small screwdriver.

Push the new cell with your fingers from the right side into the housing.

Set the data logger clock according to Section How to set the clock.

9.18 How to replace the internal lead-acid battery (MRL-7B)



ATTENTION Unplug the internal 2A-fuse before replacing the battery!



Remove the cover of the MRL-7B as described in SectionHow to open the data logger housing and unplug the spring clip X1. Then, remove the cover that locks the battery in its position by loosening the two Phillips-screws.



Unplug the 2A-fuse!



Take out the battery, remove the wires and mount the new battery following the instructions in reverse.

9.19 Data security

The issue of security may arise if the data logger is installed in sensitive areas, the acquired measurements are relevant for the safety of life and property, or intense network traffic bears the risk of data abuse.

To secure your installation and your data we recommend to follow the advice given below:

- Activate the exposure lock on your data logger (see Section Reading and changing a setting)
- Restrict the time the modem is active for data transmission via IP-call (see Standby, duration and Standby, start time)

10 Maintenance

The MRL-7 does not require any special maintenance other than the occasional replacement of the supply battery of the MRL-7. The lithium button cell battery lasts approx. 10 years if the MRL-7 is not powered, and generally does not require replacement with a powered device.

10.1 Calibration

Re-calibration of the AD-converters strongly depends on the handling of the data logger, its duty time and the importance of the acquired measurements. Generally, re-calibration is required after approx. 10 years of operation. Please contact Sommer Messtechnik for this service.

11 Support software Commander

11.1 Software features

The Commander is a multipurpose software tool to configure and operate any Sommer Messtechnik device. It offers the following functions:

- Communication with Sommer Messtechnik sensors and data loggers via serial connection, modem, socket, IP-call and Bluetooth®
- Management of connections and stations
- Configurations of sensors and data loggers
- Live data monitoring and storage
- Data management including download from data loggers and transmission to MDS (Measurement Data server)
- Terminal window to check data transfer and to access device settings directly

11.2 System requirements

The Commander software supports 32- and 64-bit versions of Windows 7 SP1, Windows 8, Windows 8.1 and Windows 10.

For correct operation Microsoft® .NET Framework 4.5 or later must be installed.

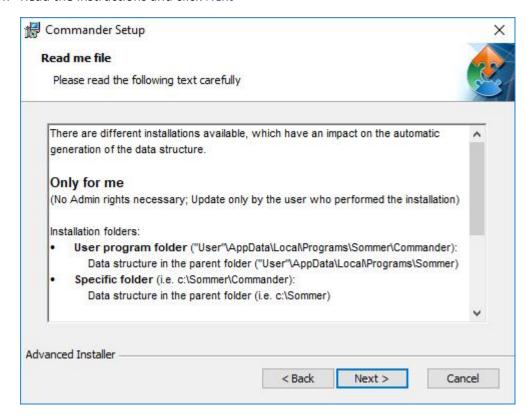
11.3 Installation of Commander

Follow the steps below to install the Commander software:

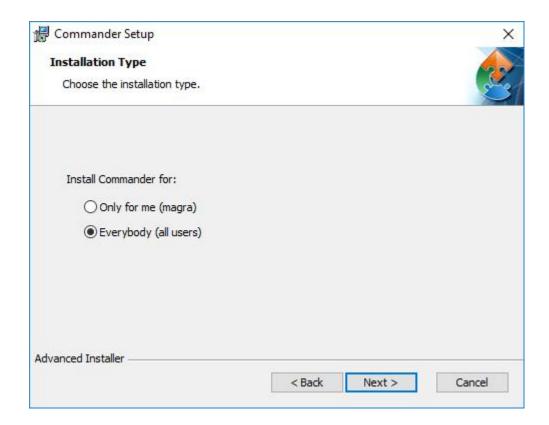
- 1. Plug the USB stick shipped with the device into your PC.
- 2. Double-click the commander.msi installer file on the USB drive.
- 3. Click Next on the pop-up window



4. Read the instructions and click Next



5. Select the installation type and click Next





NOTE

Two installation types are available. Depending on the selection, the access rights and the folder structure differ:

Only for me

No admin rights are required. Updates are only available to the user who installed the software.

Installation folders:

User program folder:

Users\User\AppData\Local\Programs\Sommer\Commander

Data structure:

Users\User\AppData\Local\Programs\Sommer

Specific folder (default):

C:\Sommer\Commander

Data structure (default):

C:\Sommer

Everybody

Admin rights are required. Updates may only be performed by system administrators.

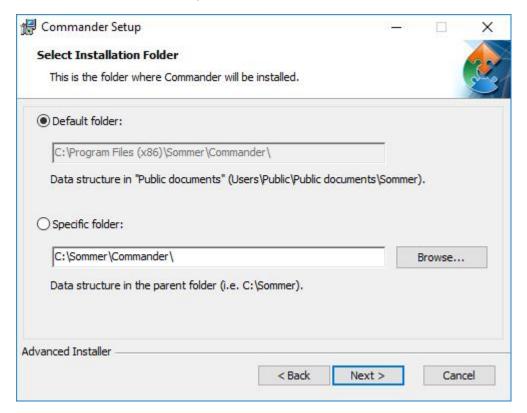
Installation folders:

Standard program folder:

Program Files (x86)\Sommer\Commander

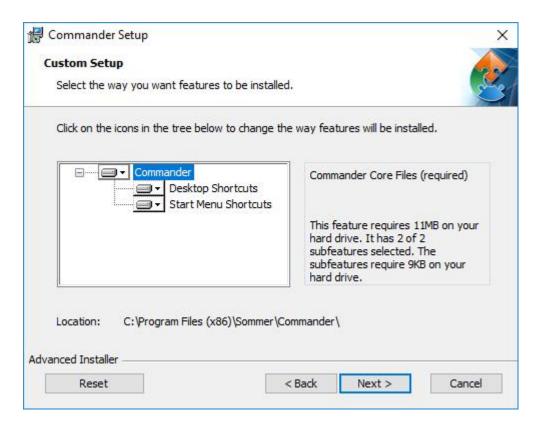


6. Select the installation directory and click Next.

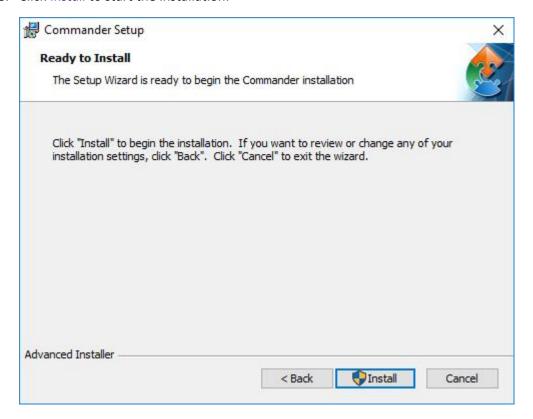


7. Select the features to be installed and click Next.

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8. Click Install to start the installation.



9. Click Finish to complete the installation.



11.4 Working with connections

11.4.1 Establish a connection with the Communication assistant

- 1. Install the Commander support software as described in Installation of Commander.
- 2. Connect the device to your PC according to Connect the MRL-7 to a PC.
- 3. Start the Commander software on your PC.
- 4. Click on Communication assistant on the right-hand side of the Commander window and follow the instructions. During this procedure the communication assistant will search for connected devices. Upon successful completion, the new connection is added to the connections list (tab Connections (F8)).
- 5. In the Communication Section at the right-hand side of the Commander window select Mode Connection and the previously created connection from the drop-down list.
- 6. Click Connect to establish a connection with the MRL-7. If the connection was successful a green icon is displayed at the top-right corner of the Commander window.

To view the settings of the connected device or to read the current measurements, follow the steps described in Download setup and Record measurements.

11.4.2 Establish a connection manually

- 1. Install the Commander support software as described in Installation of Commander.
- 2. Connect the device to your PC according to Connect the MRL-7 to a PC.
- 3. Start the Commander software on your PC.
- 4. Select the required connection in the Connections list of the Connections (F8) tab and click Connect. If the connection was successful a green icon is displayed at the top-right corner of the Commander window.

If you don't have the required connection available in the Connections list, create a new connection as described in Create a new connection.

To view the settings of the connected device or to read the current measurements, follow the steps described in Download setup and Record measurements.

11.4.3 Create a new connection

- 1. Select the Connections (F8) tab in the Commander.
- 2. Click New connection.
- 3. In the section Connection settings enter a name of the new connection, e.g. *Serial-com1-9600*, and the connection type, e.g. *Serial connection*.
- 4. Enter the required information for the selected connection type.

 If your MRL-7 is wired to your PC with a RS-232 to USB converter cable, select the port where the device is connected and select a Baud rate of 115200.

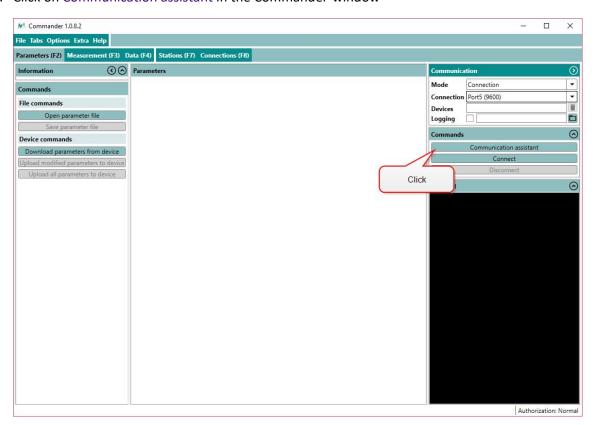
11.5 Working with stations

11.5.1 Create a station with the Communication assistant

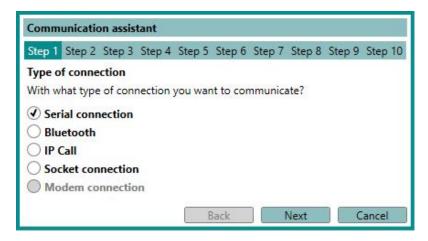
In order to manage several data loggers, to connect to a data logger via IP-call and to download data, stations can be created in the Commander software. To view a list of all stations select the tab Stations (F7).

Perform the following steps to create a new station with the Communication assistant:

1. Click on Communication assistant in the Commander-window



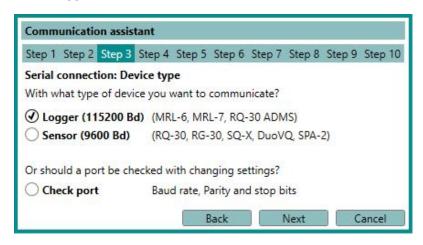
2. In the pop-up window choose the required connection and click Next.



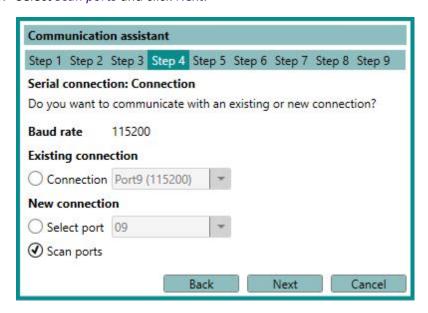
3. Verify that the MRL-7 is connected to your PC and a power supply. Click Next.



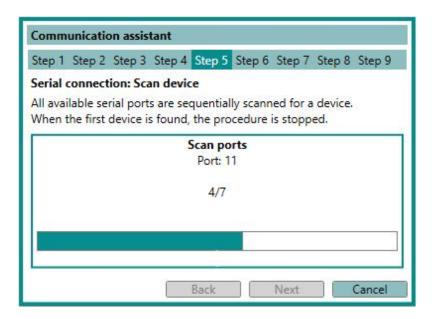
4. Select Logger (115200 Bd) and click Next.



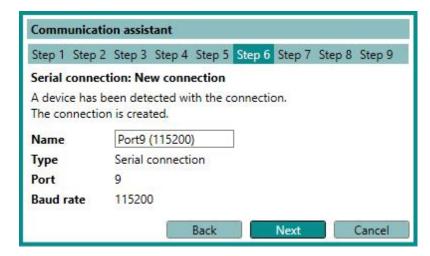
5. Select Scan ports and click Next.



6. The Commander now scans all available ports.



7. Adopt the *Name* provided by the communication assistant. Click Next.

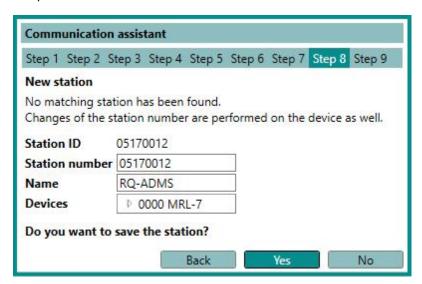


8. The Commander now scans the selected port for connected devices.

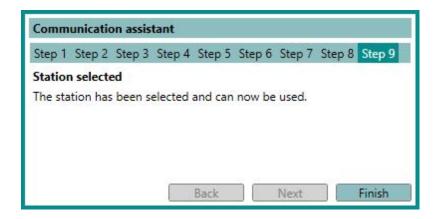
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9. Adopt the Name of the new station or enter a new name. Click Next.



10. A new station has now been created. Click Finish.



11. The newly created station can now be selected in the Communication section of the Commander. Click Connect to activate the connection to your device.

11.5.2 Create a station manually

In order to manage several data loggers, to connect to a data logger via IP-call and to download data, stations can be created in the Commander software. To view a list of all stations select the tab Stations (F7).

Perform the following steps to create a new station:

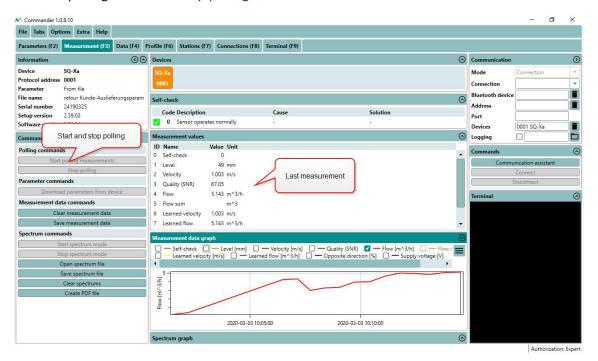
- 1. In the tab-menu Stations (F7) click New station.
- 2. Under Station settings enter the Station number and Sommer ID. By default both settings are set to the device's serial number (visible on the MRL-7 housing).
- 3. Select the Connections used for the station. Multiple selections are possible; the default connection can be selected by ticking the circular field.
- 4. Depending on the connection type, enter the additional information, e.g. Address for a Bluetooth connection or IMSI number for an IP call.
- 5. Enter the settings for Data management. When data are downloaded from a connected MRL-7 they are stored in an archive-file by default. Each archive-file contains the data of a year or month, as selected in Archive type. Selection *None* will save all data in one file. The default location for data files is C:\Users\Public\Documents\Sommer\Data\.
- 6. Save the newly created station with the button Save station.

11.6 Working with measurements

11.6.1 Poll continuous measurements

- 1. Establish a connection to your device as described in Working with connections.
- 2. Download the setup of your device as described in Download setup.

- 3. Select the Measurement (F3) tab.
- 4. In the Commands section click Start polling measurement. Now, the Commander will trigger measurements of the MRL-7 without any delays between measurements. The results are displayed Measurement values and plotted in the Measurement data graph.
- 5. To finish polling mode click Stop polling.





NOTE The polling mode stops automatically after 30 minutes.

11.6.2 Record measurements

- 1. Establish a connection to your device as described in Working with connections.
- 2. Download the setup of your device as described in Download setup.
- 3. Select the Measurement (F3) tab.
- 4. If the connection with your device is active, the data will now be displayed in the measurement table and updated at the interval specified in the setup. Also, the incoming data strings are displayed in the Terminal.
- 5. Click Save measurement data in the Commands section to save the recorded measurements. The data are saved as a *.csv file in the SommerXF format.

11.7 Working with data

11.7.1 View live data

Follow the steps below to view live data acquired from your device:

- 1. Establish a direct or remote connection with the MRL-7 using the Commander. Use an existing Commander-connection or -station if available.
- 2. In the Parameters (F2) tab download the parameters of the MRL-7.
- 3. Now, there are two options to view the measurement data:
 - 1. If OP, measurement output is set to *measured automatic*, data are displayed in the Measurement (F3) tab in the specified measurement interval.
 - 2. Open the Measurement (F3) tab and click Start polling measurements. With this option measurements are triggered in the fastest possible sequence and the results are displayed instantly. This measurement mode can be stopped by clicking Stop polling, or it is finished automatically after 30 minutes.

11.7.2 Collect measurement data

Follow the steps below to collect data with the Commander software:

- 1. Establish a direct or remote connection to your Sommer Messtechnik data logger using the Commander. Use an existing Commander-connection or -station if available.
- 2. If no station has been defined for your data logger, create one as described in Create a station with the Communication assistant.
- 3. Open the Data (F4) tab and select your station.
- 4. Click Transfer data manually. In the pop-up window the available data are displayed by the timestamps on the left and right, which correspond to the oldest and most recent data records. Move the slider to the time from which data need to be collected and press OK. Depending on the number of records to be downloaded this may take a few seconds or several minutes. The downloaded data are stored as csv-files in the default installation path of the Commandersoftware, generally C:\Users\Public\Documents\Sommer\Data, or in a subfolder as specified in the station (Archive subfolder in Station settings).



NOTE If a station has been defined, data since the last transfer can be downloaded.

5. After download is complete, the data are displayed in the graph of the Data (F4) tab. See View collected data for some features of the graph-tool.

11.7.3 View collected data

Follow the steps below to view collected data with Commander:

1. Once measurement data have been collected, open the Data (F4) tab and click Open data file to select the file you want to view. The data are now loaded and displayed in the graph.

Several actions can be used to navigate within the graph:

- Select a data window by pressing the right mouse button and spanning a rectangular box.
- Select a certain time range by moving the mouse over the time axis with the right mouse button pressed.
- Select a certain value range by moving the mouse over the value axis with the right mouse button pressed.
- View all data by pressing the right mouse button within the graph pane.



NOTE Collected data are stored in the SommerXF format, a semicolon-delimited csv-file, which can be viewed with any text editor or spreadsheet tool.

11.8 Working with setups

11.8.1 Download setup

- 1. Establish a connection to your device as described in Working with connections.
- 2. Select the Parameters (F2) tab in the Commander software.
- 3. In the Commands section click Download parameters from device.

 The Commander now downloads the setup currently active on the MRL-7. This may take some time if you are downloading the setup for the first time to your PC. Consecutive downloads of a setup with the same version number are usually faster.

You can now save the setup file by clicking Save parameter file, or edit the settings as described in Edit setup.



TIP Save the setup on your PC before you make any changes!

11.8.2 Open a setup file

- 1. Start the Commander on your PC and connect to your MRL-7 either directly with the USB to RS232 converter cable or the optional Bluetooth connection.
- 2. Open the Parameters (F2) tab and click Open parameter file. Select the required file (extension .xmld or .xmla).
- 3. Verify the new settings and click Upload all parameters to device. After completion the new settings are active on your data logger.

11.8.3 Edit setup

- 1. Open the setup file as described in Open a setup file or download it from your device as described in Download setup.
- 2. Adapt the values of the settings in question and press Enter after each. After you have changed a value, its text box will turn red.



NOTE If you have entered a value outside the data range of the setting, it will be forced to the next valid value! The valid range of each setting is listed in the Parameter definitions.

- 3. After you have adapted all required settings save the setup file and/or upload the setup to your device by clicking Upload modified parameters to device.
 - Once the setup has been saved or uploaded, the modified red text boxes will turn white again, indicating that the settings have been saved/applied.

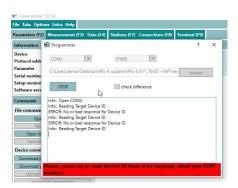
11.8.4 Upload new setup file

- 1. Establish a connection to your device as described in Working with connections.
- 2. Select the Parameters (F2) tab.
- 3. Download the setup currently on the MRL-7 as described in Download setup and save it by clicking Save parameter file. This step is recommended to have the latest setup available for documentation.
- 4. Click Open parameter file and select the required setup file (*.xlmp) on your PC.
- 5. Click Upload all parameters to device. This transfers the current setup to the MRL-7.
- 6. To verify the correct upload click Dowanload parameters from device. This will display the present setup of the MRL-7.

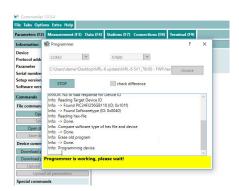
11.9 Update firmware

- 1. Connect the MRL-7 to your PC with the USB to RS232 converter cable and make sure the data logger is powered.
- 2. Click on the menu item Extra and select Start Programmer.
- 3. Select the firmware file (*.hex) provided by SOMMER Messtechnik. Make sure the file is stored on your PC and not on a USB or network drive.
- 4. Choose the COM-port the data logger is connected to and a Baud-rate of 57'600.
- 5. Perform the following three steps in short sequence:
 - Click Program
 - Unpower the data logger
 - Wait 3...5 seconds
 - Repower the data logger

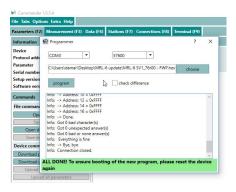
The firmware currently present on the data logger is now erased and the new one copied to the data logger. During the update process the pop-up window may show the following messages:



The programmer is not ready; power needs to be on.



The programmer is active.



The firmware update has finished.

- 6. Close the programmer-window as soon as the firmware update has finished.
- 7. Switch off and repower the data logger again.
- 8. Open the Parameters (F2) tab.
- 9. Click Download parameters from device. The download of the new parameter list might take a few minutes. After completion the new firmware and setup versions will be displayed in the Information section.

11.10Set the device time

- 1. Establish a connection to your device as described in Working with connections.
- 2. Download the setup of your device as described in Download setup. The current time of the device is displayed in the Information section.
- 3. Click Set device time to synchronize the time of the device.

12 Communication with the MRL-7

12.1 Options

The following options can be used to communicate with the MRL-7:

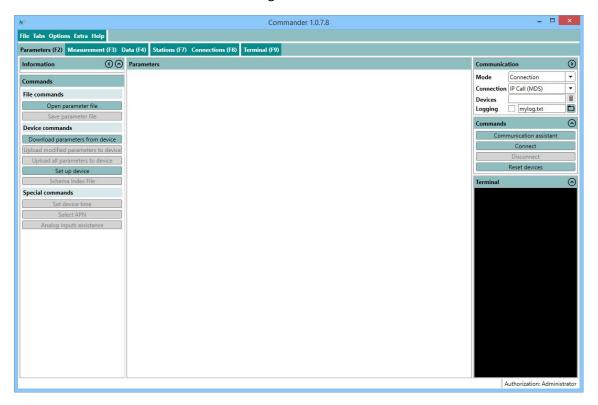
- RS-232 using an USB converter (available as an accessory)
- Bluetooth
- IP-Call

All these options require the Commander software. Alternatively, a terminal editor can used to communicate with the data logger.

12.1.1 RS-232 using an USB converter

Perform the following steps to set up the communication between the MRL-7 and your PC:

- 1. Install the Commander software on your PC.
- 2. Connect the provided USB to RS-232 converter to your PC. If required, install the driver of the USB to RS-232 converter.
- 3. Start the Commander software.
- 4. Click on Communication assistant on the right-hand side of the Commander window.



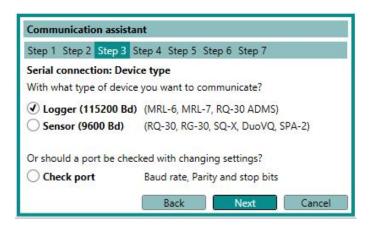
5. Select Serial Connection and press Next.



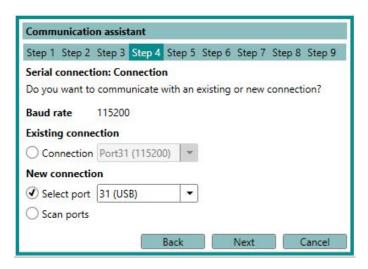
6. Make sure the MRL-7 is powered either by internal or external batteries and press Next.



7. Select Logger (115200 Bd) and press Next.

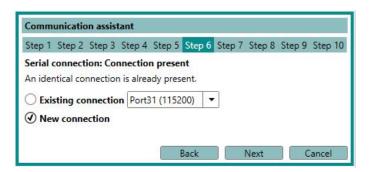


8. Either tick Connection and select a previously configured connection, or tick Select port and select the COM port that was assigned to the USB/RS-232 converter; then click Next.



If more than one COM ports are listed and you are not sure which one to select, open the Windows Device Manager (press Windos-key and type *device manager*) and expand the menu Ports (COM & LPT). By unplugging and re-plugging your USB/RS-232 converter you can identify the number of the desired port.

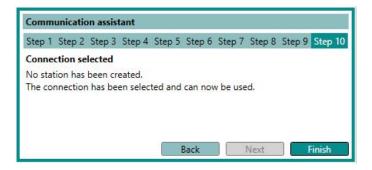
9. Select New connection and click Next.



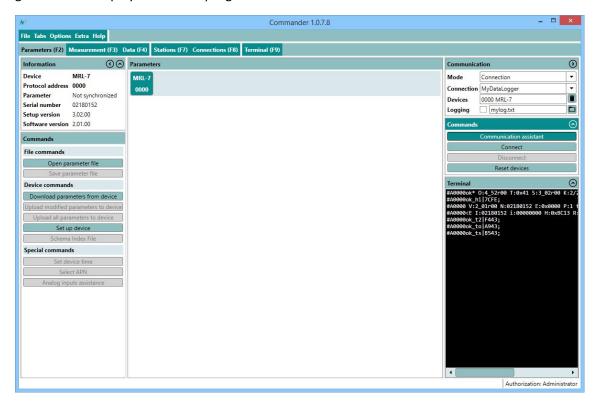
10. Assign a name to the connection and click Next. The software now searches for connected devices. This procedure can take several seconds.



- 11. Select if you want to create a new station. If yes, assign an appropriate name. If a station already exists, it will be recognized and automatically selected.
- 12. Click Finish. Upon completion, the newly created connection is displayed in the Communication section of the Commander.



13. Click Connect to open the connection with the data logger. If the connection was successful a green icon is displayed at the top-right corner of the Commander window.



All configured connections can be viewed under the tab Connections (F8).

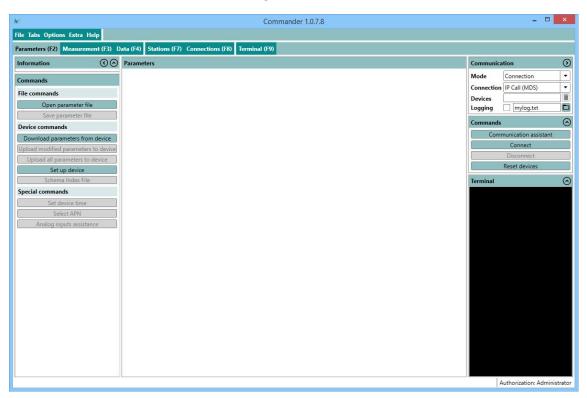
Alternatively, a connection can be configured manually; please consult the Commander manual for detailed instructions.

12.1.2 Bluetooth

Perform the following steps to set up the communication between the MRL-7 and your PC:

- 1. Install the Commander software on your PC.
- 2. Make sure your PC has an internal Bluetooth or a Bluetooth dongle is connected.
- 3. Start the Commander software.
- 4. Make sure the MRL-7 is powered

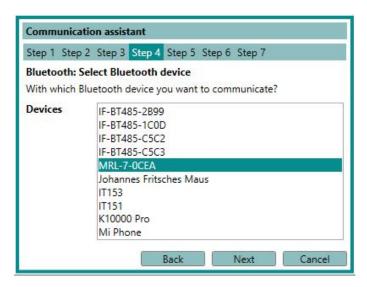
- 5. On the MRL-7 press the button DATA BT until the message hold for BT and then waiting for BT no access is displayed.
- 6. Click on Communication assistant on the right-hand side of the Commander window.



7. Select *Bluetooth* and press Next.



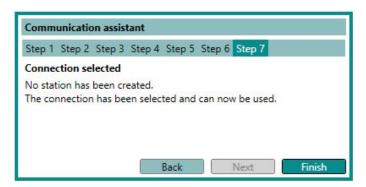
8. Select the device you want to connect to and click Next. The Bluetooth ID of your data logger is printed on a sticker on the MRL-7 housing. The software now searches for devices connected to your data logger. This may take a few seconds.



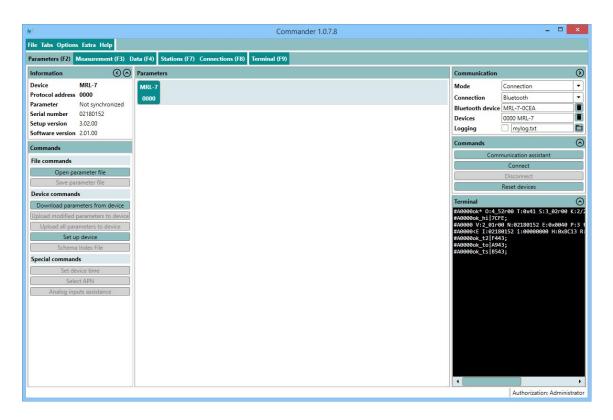


TIP The Bluetooth ID is also displayed in the list returned by the special function Device status.

- 9. Select if you want to create a new station. If yes, assign an appropriate name. If a station already exists, it will be recognized and automatically selected.
- 10. Click Finish. Upon completion, the newly created connection is displayed in the Communication section of the Commander.



11. Click Connect to open the connection with the data logger. If the connection was successful a green icon is displayed at the top-right corner of the Commander window.



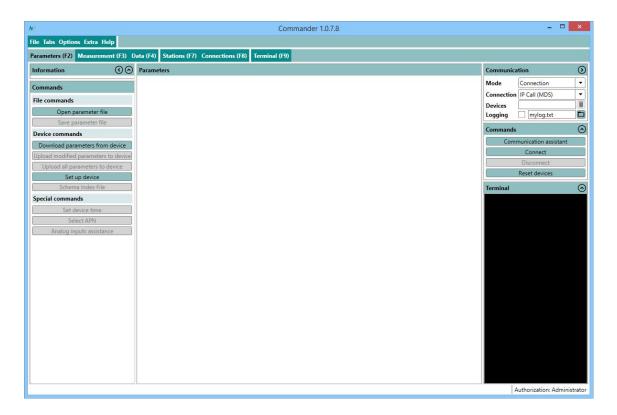
All configured connections can be viewed under the tab Connections (F8).

Alternatively, a connection can be configured manually; please consult the Commander manual for detailed instructions.

12.1.3 IP-Call

Perform the following steps to set up the communication between the MRL-7 and your PC:

- 1. Start the Commander software.
- 2. Click on Communication assistant on the right-hand side of the Commander window.



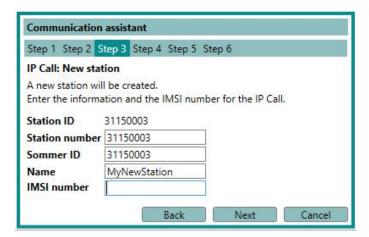
3. Select IP Call and press Next.



4. Select New station and press Next.



5. Enter the Station number (usually the device's serial number), Sommer ID, the Name of the new station and your IMSI number. Then press Next.

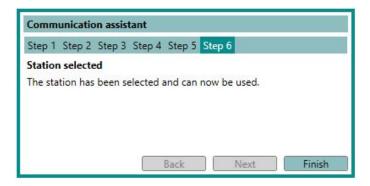


6. The Commander is now searching for your devices. This may take several seconds. After the communication assistant has completed the search, verify the new station settings and press Yes.

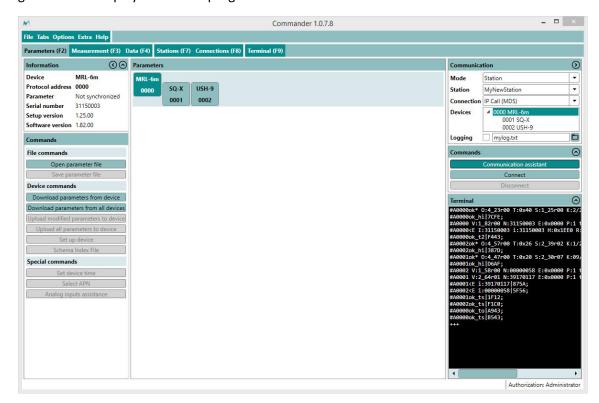


7. Click Finish. Upon completion, the newly created station is displayed in the Communication section of the Commander.





8. Click Connect to open the connection with the data logger. If the connection was successful a green icon is displayed at the top-right corner of the Commander window.



12.2 Communication protocols

The MRL-7 provides the following communication protocols:

■ RS-232 communication (via wired connection, Bluetooth, IP-call)

12.2.1 Data output

The MRL-7 includes a RS-232 interface for communication and data output. The measurement values returned by one of these ports are arranged in a fixed sequence and are identified by the index in

Measurement table.

Output values

Index	Measurement value	Unit
1	Variable 01 ^a	a
2	Variable 02 ^a	a
3	Variable 03 ^a	a
4	Variable 97 ^a	a
5	Variable 98 ^a	а
6	Variable 99 ^a	a

^aAccording to the acquired variables

Table 1 Output values

Exception values

Measurement data may be returned with the following exception values:

Value	Description
9999.998	Initial value: No measurement has been performed yet (position of decimal character is irrelevant).
9999.997	Conversion error: Caused by a technical problem (position of decimal character is irrelevant)
9999999	Positive overflow
-9999999	Negative overflow

Table 2 Exception values

12.3 RS-232 communication

12.3.1 Configuration

The MRL-7 has serial RS-232 communication enabled by default. If the device is integrated into a data network or connected to a stand-alone data acquisition system, the parameters listed in Com-1 protocol may need to be adapted.

System key and device number

The system key and device number are used to identify a MRL-7 in a bus system. This is essential if multiple devices (MRL-7 and data loggers) are operated within the same system.

System key

The system key separates different conceptual bus systems. This may be necessary if the remote radio coverage of two measurement systems overlap. In general, the system key should be set to 00.

Device number

The device number is a unique number that identifies a device in a bus system.

OP, measurement output

The serial data output can be triggered in the following ways:

ID	Option	Description
1	just per com- mand	The output is only requested by commands via the RS-485 or SDI-12 interface.
2	measured values push	Data are returned automatically after each measurement.
3	storage values push	Data are returned automatically after they have been written to the data logger memory.



NOTE If OP, measurement output is set to *pos. TRIG slope*, the data are returned with a delay of 200 ms after the trigger has been set. Make sure that



your data acquisition system takes account of this lag to ensure that it receives the most recent data.

Operation modes

The MRL-7 supports different modes to acquire data from various digital sensors.

Waking-up a connected data logger

The MRL-7 supports wake-up of a connected data logger that is in standby mode. Generally, this feature is only used in pushing mode and can be set under OP, wake-up sequence.

Sync sequence

The sync sequence is the string $UU \sim ? \sim ?$ and is sent directly before a command. It is used to synchronize the receiving UART.

Prefix

The prefix is an arbitrary character; the MRL-7 uses a blank. This character is sent prior to any communication. Then the time of the OP, prefix holdback is waited and the command is sent afterwards. With this procedure the receiving device has time to wake-up.

Output protocols

For data output via RS-485 different protocols are available, which can be selected under Output protocol (OP).

12.3.2 Data output options

Data are returned in two different formats, selectable in Output protocol (OP):

- Sommer protocol
- Standard protocol

12.3.3 Sommer protocol

The data string of the Sommer protocol has the following format:



Header

The header (#M0001G00se) identifies the data by system key, device number and string number.

Parameter	Format	Description
Start character	#	
Identifier	М	M identifies an output string
System key	dd	
Device number	dd	
Command ID	G	G defines an output string with string number
String number	dd	01 Output values
Command	se	se identifies automatically sent values

Table 3 Header of the Sommer protocol

Measurement value

A measurement value (02 1539|) has a length of 8 digits and is returned together with its index. If the measurement value is a decimal number, one digit is reserved for the decimal character. Values are returned right-aligned, so blanks may occur between index and value.

Parameter	Format	Description
Index	dd	2 numbers
Value	xxxxxxx	8 character right-aligned
Separator	I	

Table 4 Values in Sommer protocol

End sequence

The data string is terminated with a CRC-16 in hex format (3883) followed by an end character and <CR><LF>. The CRC-16 is described in Sommer CRC-16.

Parameter	Format	Description
CRC-16	Hhhh	4-digit hex number
End character	;	
Control characters	<cr><lf></lf></cr>	Carriage return and Line feed

Table 5 End sequence of the Sommer protocol

Example Sommer protocol

Output values

The acquired data are returned as in the following example:

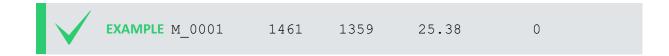


#M0001G01se	Header with system key 00, device number 01 and string number 01
01 1461	Level
02 1539	Distance
03 25.25	Temperature
04 0	Status
3883;	Closing sequence

Table 6 Output values in Sommer protocol

12.3.4 Standard protocol

The data string of the Standard protocol has the following format:



Header

The header (M $_{0001}$) identifies the data by system key and device number.

Parameter	Format	Description
Identifier	X_	M_ Measurement values
System key	Dd	
Device number	Dd	

Table 7 Header of the Standard protocol

Measurement values

Measurement values are returned in sequence and are separated by a blank. A measurement value has a length of 8 digits. If the measurement value is a decimal number, one digit is reserved for the decimal character. Values are returned right-aligned, so additional blanks may be returned between values.

Parameter	Format	Description
Separator	[blank]	blank
Value	xxxxxxx	8 character right-aligned

Table 8 Values in Standard protocol

End sequence

The data string is terminated with <CR><LF>.

Example Standard protocol

Output values

The acquired data are returned as in the following example:

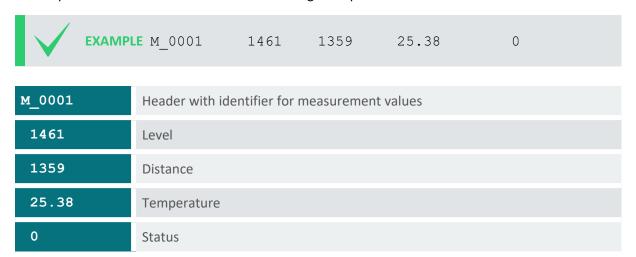


Table 9 Output values in Standard protocol

12.3.5 Sommer old protocol

The data string of the Sommer old protocol has the following format:

```
EXAMPLE #M0001G00se00 -17.4|01 0.535|02 0.000|03 - 1.89|04 0.0|05 0|B11D;
```

This protocol is identical with the Sommer protocol except that the index of the measurement values starts at 0 instead of 1.

This protocol has been implemented for compatibility reasons: When a Sommer device with firmware < 2.0 is updated to version 2.x the protocol is automatically set to Sommer old. Thus, the setup of a connected data logger does not have to be adjusted.

12.3.6 RS-232 commands

Command structure

The structure of serial commands and answers ($\#W0001\$mt \mid BE85$;) is described in the following table:



Parameter	Format	Description
Start character	#	
Identifier	X	W MRL-7 returns a confirmation on receipt. This command type demands a closing sequence with a valid CRC-16. S MRL-7 does not acknowledge the receipt of the command. This command type demands no closing sequence and therefore no CRC-16. R MRL-7 returns the requested measurement value or parameter. This command type demands a closing sequence with a valid CRC-16. T Write a volatile setting and receive a confirmation A Answer of device to read or write command
System key	dd	
Device number	dd	
Command	XXX	See RS-232 commands
Separator	I	
CRC-16	hhhh	4-digit hex number
End character	;	

Table 10 Structure of Sommer bus commands and answers

Commands

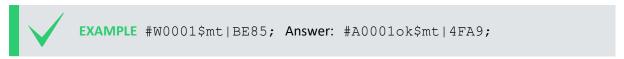
The following commands can be used with the MRL-7:

Command	Description
\$mt	Trigger a measurement
\$pt	Return measurement values
XX	Read a parameter with identifier XX
XX=xxx	Write a parameter with identifier XX and the value xxx

Table 11 List of Sommer bus commands

Trigger a measurement

The command \$mt triggers a complete measurement sequence as in the following example:



Read a parameter value

Read measurement interval (in the example below the menu item B):



Request a complete data string

The command \$pt requests a data string as in the following example:

```
EXAMPLE #S0001$pt| Answer: none
```

The data string is returned as soon as the MRL-7 has processed the command.

Request a single measurement value

The reading command \mathbb{R} together with the index of the requested measurement returns a single measurement value. In the following example the measurement value with index 01 (in this example a water level) is requested:

```
EXAMPLE
#R0001_010cv|EA62;

Answer: #A0001ok_010cv1461 | 07EB;
```

12.3.7 Sommer CRC-16

The CRC-16 (cyclic redundancy check) used in data transmission of Sommer devices is based on the ZMODEM protocol. When data are exchanged between two devices the receiving device calculates the CRC-value. This value is compared to the CRC value sent by the other device to check if the data

were transmitted correctly. Please refer to technical literature or contact Sommer for calculation of CRC-16 values.

You can here calculate the CRC of a command online .

If you need to compute CRCs automatically, you can implement the following script in your data logger or controller software:

```
Computation CRC-16 in C/C++

1 | crc16 = crc16tab[(unsigned char)(crc16>>8)] ^ (crc16<<8) ^ (unsigned int)(c);</pre>
```

The crc16tab array is listed in CRC-16 array.

13 Configuration of the MRL-7

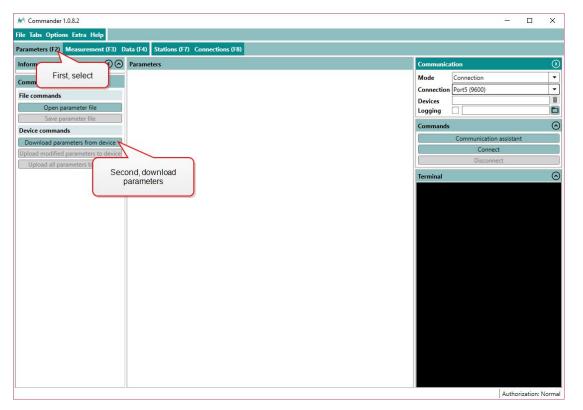
The MRL-7 can be configured with one of the following tools:

- Configuration with Commander support software
- Configuration with a terminal program

13.1 Configuration with Commander support software

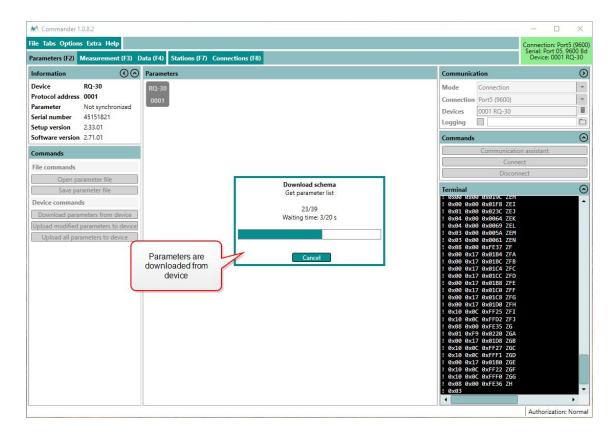
Follow the steps below to modify the configuration parameters of the MRL-7:

- 1. Establish a connection between your PC and the MRL-7 as described in Connect the MRL-7 to a PC.
- 2. Select the tab Parameters (F2) and click Download parameters from device. The complete parameter list is transferred from the sensor to your PC and displayed in the Parameter window.

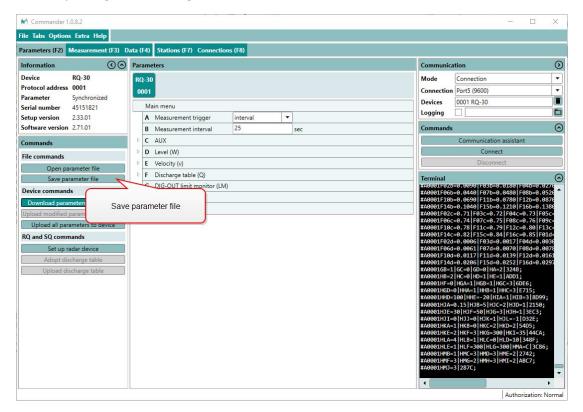




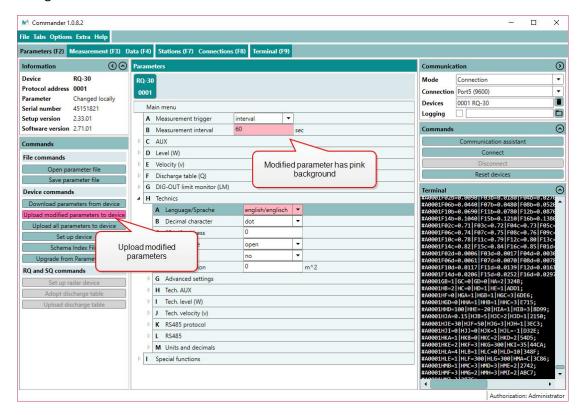
NOTE The first download of the parameter list may take a few minutes. After that the device is known to the PC and consecutive downloads are much faster.



3. Save the parameter file to your PC by clicking Save parameter file. This step is recommended to track any configuration changes.



4. Adapt the parameters required for your application. Changed values are displayed with a pink background.



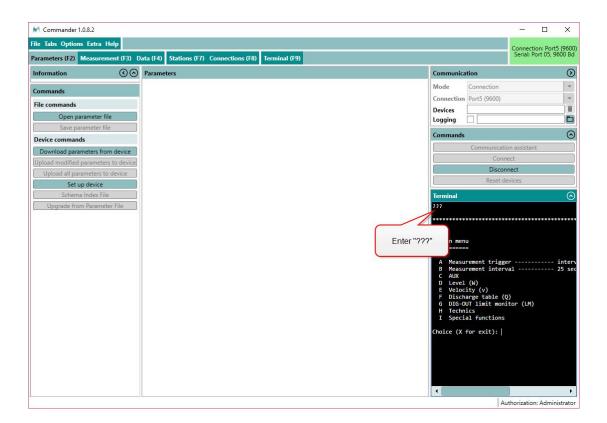
5. Send the modifications to the MRL-7 by clicking Upload modified parameters to device. Upon successful upload the pink backgrounds disappear again.

13.2 Configuration with a terminal program

The Commander software ships with an integrated terminal program. However, communication with the MRL-7 can be performed with any terminal program.

Follow the steps below to modify the configuration parameters of the MRL-7:

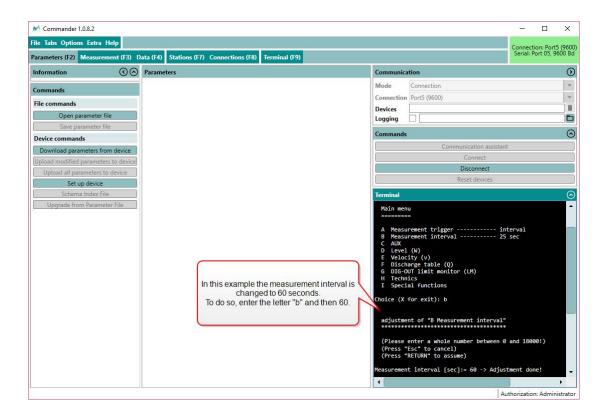
- 1. Establish a connection between your PC and the MRL-7.
- 2. In the terminal window enter three question marks (???) in quick succession. The main parameter menu is displayed in response.





NOTE As an unwanted switching into the menu mode has to be avoided the timing of the three question marks ??? is very restrictive and must never be finished with Return/Enter. This is especially important for command line tools, which may automatically send a closing "Carriage return".

3. Read or modify the required parameters: The menu items can be selected by entering the letter assigned to each item. Upon selection a submenu is opened or the selected parameter is displayed with its unit. Changes to values are confirmed with Return/Enter or discarded with Esc. Menus are closed with X. After closing the main menu with X the sensor performs an initialization.



13.3 What do I need to configure?

When first setting-up a MRL-7 at a measurement site, the parameters described below may need to be adapted.

13.3.1 General settings

Station ID

By default, the station ID is set to the MRL-7 serial number. Adjust to your requirements if needed.

Station name

The name of the Station (max. 32 characters long).

Language/Sprache

The menu language.

Decimal character

The character used as decimal separator in the values of the settings and in serial data strings.

Measurement Interval

The MRL-7 can perform analog, impulse counter and digital measurements at an interval between 2 s and 12 h.

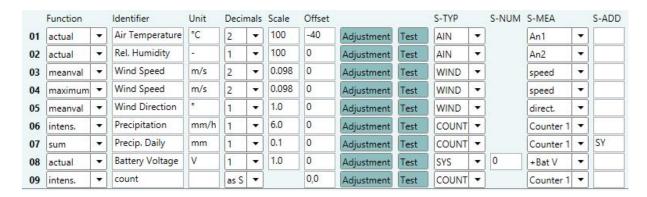
Storage interval

Measurement data can be stored at a primary interval between 10 s and 12 h, specified in Storage interval, or an auxiliary interval between 1 s and 24 h, specified in Occasional storage interval. By default, all variables specified in the measurement table are stored in the primary interval. An exception are counter variables and some system variables which are stored in the secondary interval. By adding the command SY or AS to the field S-ADD of the measurement table, a variable can be forced to be stored in the primary or secondary interval.

In the Function field of the measurement table you can specify whether the last measurement value or an aggregated value, e.g. mean, shall be stored.

13.3.2 Measurement table

The data acquired by the MRL-7 are configured in the measurement table. The screenshot below shows an example of a measurement table for an automatic weather station equipped with a combined temperature/humidity sensor, wind speed/direction sensor and a tipping bucket rain gauge.



The MRL-7 distinguishes between measurement variables and auxiliary measurement variables. The latter are generally used for live monitoring and are not stored on the data logger. For example, the current wind speed could be configured as an auxiliary variable, and the 10-minute average as a

regular variable that is stored on the data logger. The number of both variable types can be set in Measurements, max. number and Aux measurements, max. number and is limited to 99 in total.

Please refer to Measurement table for a detailed description of the fields and their options. The configuration of different sensor types is described in Section Data acquisition examples.

13.3.3 Totalizer reset options

Precipitation and discharge measurements, among others, require a totalizer function. For example, in water management it is common to report water discharge as monthly totals.

To configure a totalized variable with a daily reset, the Function field in the measurement table has to be set to *sum* and the Sum, reset time has to be set to the required time.

13.3.4 Device clock

The clock of the MRL-7 is powered by an internal lithium button cell battery that needs regular synchronization. After connection with the Commander software, the time can be set by clicking Set device time in the Parameters (F2) tab.

For autonomous operation, the time is generally synchronized by an NTP server, which is configured by the following settings:

NTP server and NTP port

The address and the port of the time server.

Synchronization time

The time at which the clock of the MRL-7 is synchronized every day. This time should not overlap with any other communication task of the data logger.



NOTE To disable time synchronization set Synchronization time to 24:00:01.

Time-zone

The offset between the time zone in which the MRL-7 is operating and UTC in seconds.



NOTE Time synchronization by an NTP server ignores daylight saving time! If automatic time synchronization is active, it removes a manually entered daylight saving time at the next synchronization.

13.3.5 Camera

A digital camera with RS-485 communication can be used with the MRL-7. If connected, it records pictures in the specified Data transmission interval and stores them on the MicroSD card if present. For automatic operation the following settings have to be configured:

Switch

The number of the switched 12-V supply (SW) which powers the camera.

Warm-up time

The time required by the camera to get ready for recording.

Solar nightshutdown

This switch offers the option to shut down the camera during the night. Requires a connected solar panel.

14 Data acquisition examples

As listed in What can I do with it? the MRL-7 accepts a wide range of sensor inputs. In this section the data acquisition of the most common sensor types is described.

14.1 Power considerations

The MRL-7 provides analog sensor supply of 100 mA at 12 V. Additional, switched, potential free supplies provide max. 2 A (at 12 V).



NOTE Do not connect the power supply of a digital (RS-485) sensor to an analog power output, e.g. 12V OUT! Instead, connect the power supply as shown in the data acquisition examples in section RS-485.



NOTE Many digital sensors require a supply current >100 mA. If such sensors are connected to the MRL-7, they need to be powered by an external power supply with a sufficient source current.

14.2 Analog measurements

With the MRL-7 single ended and differential voltage signals in the range of 0 to 2.5 V can be measured. The analog inputs AN3 and AN4 can also be configured to measure resistive sensors, e.g. PT1000, and sensors with a current output.

ID	Setting	Description
1	Voltage 2.5 V	Single ended voltage input 0 2.5 V
2	Diff volt. 2.5 V	Differential voltage input 0 2.5 V
3	Diff volt. 1.25 V	Differential voltage input 0 1.25 V
4	Diff volt. 0.311 V	Differential voltage input 0 0.311 V
5	Diff volt. 0.032 V	Differential voltage input 0 0.032 V
6	R meas < 100k	Measures a resistance <100 $k\Omega$
7	R meas < 3k	Measures a resistance $<3~k\Omega$

ID	Setting	Description
8	R meas < 300	Measures a resistance $<$ 300 Ω
9	420 mA	Current input 4 20 mA
10	PT1000	Measures the temperature of a PT1000 temperature sensor
11	NTC (2k2)	Measures the temperature of a 2k2 NTC-thermistor
12	PT100	Measures the temperature of a PT100 temperature sensor

The signals received from a sensor are wired in the MRL-7 as illustrated in Figure 9.

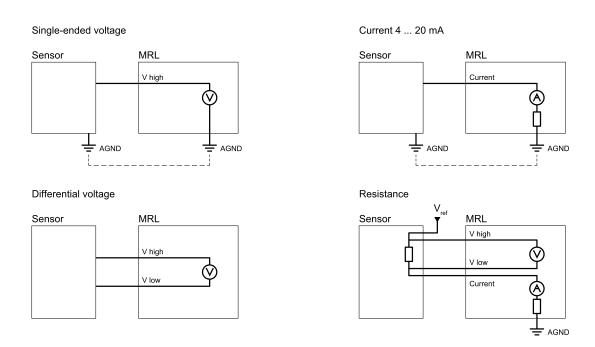


Figure 9 Internal wiring of analog MRL-7 inputs

14.2.1 Principals

The illustration below shows two measurement intervals of three analog inputs (AN1, AN2 and AN3).

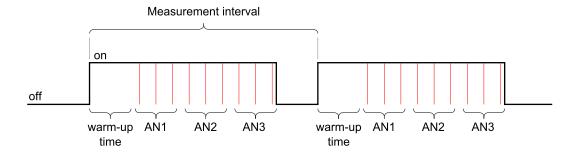


Figure 10 Principal of analog measurements

At the start of each measurement interval the sensor power supply is switched on. After the specified Warm-up time each of the three analog inputs is measured sequentially 3x at the sampling rate defined in ADC - conv. Rate. After the last measurement has been completed, the sensor power supply is switched off.

The speed of the analog measurements can be set in ADC - conv. Rate. If ADC filter is activ the input is measured 3x and the data logger returns the statistic specified in ADC filter.

The measurement interval of all sensors is specified in Measurement Interval.

14.2.2 Single ended voltage measurement

A total of four single ended voltages can be measured with the MRL-7. Figure 11 illustrates the wiring of a temperature and relative humidity sensor for single ended measurements with two analog inputs.

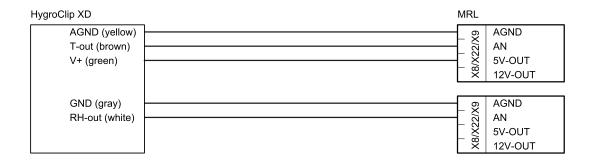
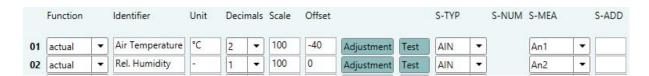


Figure 11 Wiring of single ended voltage measurement (T/rH-sensor)

The T/rH-sensor in this example can be configured in Measurement table as follows:



14.2.3 Differential voltage measurement

The analog input AN4 can also be configured as differential input. The wiring of a pyranometer with a 0...100 mV output is illustrated in Figure 12.

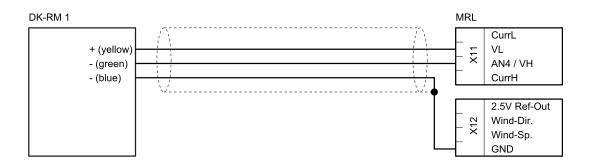


Figure 12 Wiring of differential voltage measurement (pyranometer)

The pyranometer in this example is configured in Measurement table as follows:



14.2.4 Current measurement

By adding a precision shunt resistor to one of the analog voltage inputs, sensors with a current output can be measured. As an example, the wiring of a infrared temperature sensor with an output of 4...20 mA and a measurement range of -50...50 °C is illustrated in Figure 13.

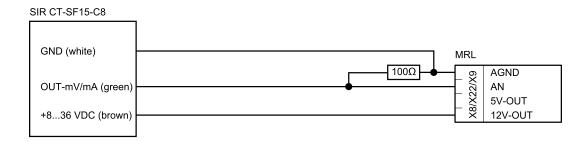


Figure 13 Wiring of sensor with current output (infrared temperature sensor)

The infrared temperature sensor in this example is configured in Measurement table as follows:



14.2.5 Resistance measurement

The analog inputs AN3 and AN4 can be used to measure resistances. As an example, the wiring of a 4-wire PT1000 temperature sensor is illustrated in Figure 14.

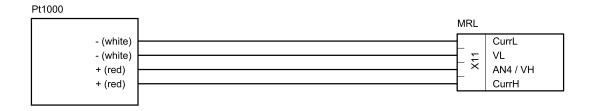


Figure 14 Wiring of resistance measurement (4-wire PT1000)

The PT1000 in this example is configured in Measurement table as follows:



14.3 Counter & frequency measurements

The MRL-7 is equipped with two universal counter inputs and one counter input dedicated to wind speed measurements with an anemometer.

14.3.1 Counting events

The counter inputs 1 and 2 can be used to record counts of different devices. As an example, the wiring of a tipping bucket rain gauge is illustrated in Figure 15.

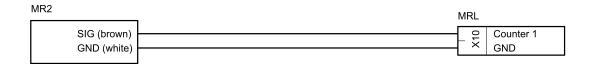


Figure 15 Wiring of a counter input (tipping bucket rain gauge)

The rain gauge in this example is configured in Measurement table as follows:



Please note, that in this example Function has to be set to *intensity*. This option sets the counter to 0 if no precipitation is detected.

14.3.2 Frequency measurement

The wind speed input of the MRL-7 – generally used for wind speed measurements – measures the frequency of an incoming signal. Figure 16 illustrates the wiring of a combined wind speed/direction sensor.

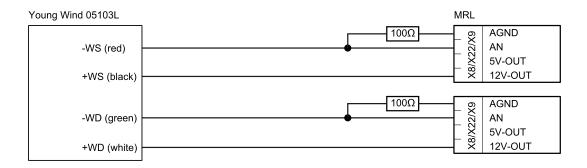
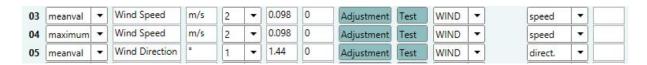


Figure 16 Wiring of a frequency input (combined wind speed/direction sensor)

The wind sensor in this example is configured in Measurement table as follows:



14.4 RS-485

The MRL-7 is equipped with a RS-485 port on terminal block X5 . It is configured in the data logger menu RS-485-2 Port.

14.4.1 Principles

The example below illustrates the acquisition of three measurement values from a digital sensor.

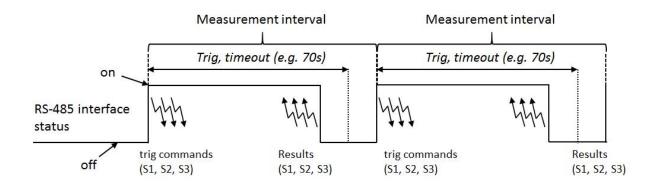


Figure 17 Principal of data acquisition by RS-485

In polling mode the MRL-7 activates the RS-485 interface at the beginning of each measurement interval and sends a measurement command to the addressed sensors. If this command is not confirmed by a sensor it is re-sent a 2^{nd} or 3^{rd} time. As soon as all measurements have been completed and the requested results have been received after Trig, timeout has elapsed , the RS-485 interface is switched off automatically and remains idle until the next measurement interval.

14.4.2 Multiple RS-485 devices

As each digital sensor usually has a unique address, multiple Sommer-sensors can be connected to the RS-485 port of the MRL-7.



ATTENTION If multiple Sommer-sensors need to be connected, assign a unique address to each device!

14.4.3 Find RS-485 devices with Commander

The Commander can be used to connect and manage Sommer RS-485 devices connected to the MRL-7 data logger. Follow the steps below to do this:

- 1. Connect your RS-485 devices to the RS485A-2/RS485B-2 ports of the MRL-7 and make sure all devices are powered.
- 2. Establish a connection with the MRL-7 as explained in Connect the MRL-7 to a PC.
- 3. Define a station as describes in Create a station manually.
- 4. In the Parameters (F2) tab download the parameters of the MRL-7.
- 5. Set Network scan extension to on.
- 6. In the Stations (F7) tab click Scan devices. The Commander will now search for all RS-485 devices connected to the data logger and will add them to the station information.

Now, the parameter lists of all devices can be downloaded and the configurations be adapted.

14.4.4 Reading data from a Sommer RS-485 device

Many of Sommer's digital sensors push their measurement data in a specified interval to the RS-485 interface, and the MRL-7 data logger only needs to read these data.

As an example, the SOMMER SQ-U water discharge sensor can be set to measure water discharge at an appropriate interval. The acquired data can be read with the MRL-7 by wiring the data logger according to Figure 18.

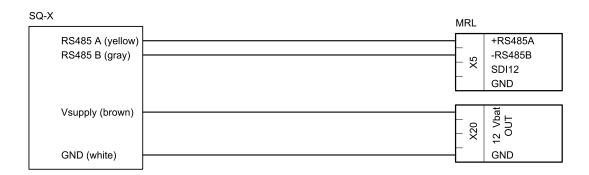


Figure 18 Wiring of SQ-X water discharge sensor with RS-485 interface

The SQ-U in this example is configured in Measurement table as follows:



Additionally, Trig, polling must be turned off!



NOTE In this example only three variables of the SQ-X are recorded. The device provides an extended list of variables that can be read by the data logger. Alternatively, the SQ-X can be set to polling mode and the MRL-7 to request the measurements.



TIP If available, also connect the SDI-12 wire of your sensor to the MRL-7. This offers a communication backup should standard serial communication fail.

14.4.5 Reading data in MIO-format

Some older Sommer sensors like the USH-8 send data in the MIO-format (multi-in-out) which is structured as in the following example:

I04124874-011350148960519;

	Format	Description
Identifier	I	I identifies an output string
Device number	04	
System key	12	
Measurement value 1	4874	Level in mm (4 digits)
		Measurement values 24 (4 digits each)
Checksum	0519	
End character	;	

To read data strings in MIO-format Measurement table has to be configured as follows:



In this example the first measurement value (level) is read from device 04.



ATTENTION The system keys of the sensor and the MRL-7 must be the same! In the example above the system key is 12. Set System key of the MRL-7 to 12 as well, or adapt the key of the sensor.

14.4.6 Polling data from a Sommer RS-485 device

Various sensing devices perform measurements autonomously and send out the results on request. The SOMMER IDS-20 Ice detection system is an example of such a device. It detects icing of a surface with a capacitive transducer and is used, for example, in the wind industry and in aviation to detect ice loads and icing events. The IDS-20 performs measurements autonomously at an interval of 60 seconds. The acquired data can be polled with the MRL-7 by wiring the data logger according to Figure 19.

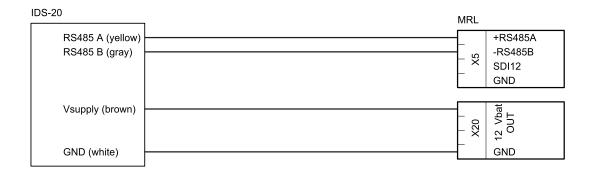


Figure 19 Wiring of IDS-20 ice detection sensor with RS-485 interface

The IDS-20 in this example is configured in Measurement table as follows:



Please note the command TD in the S-ADD field: this command requests the data from the IDS-20 device and needs to be set in the first variable acquired from the sensor. Additionally, Trig, polling must be turned on!

Note that in this example only three variables of the IDS-20 are recorded. The device provides an extended list of variables that can be polled by the data logger.

If a connected sensor also requires a command to trigger a measurement and returns the measured data automatically Trig, polling needs to be on as well, but no TD command is required.



ATTENTION The response time of different digital sensors varies considerably. Please consult the sensor manual and adjust Trig, timeout accordingly!



TIP If available, also connect the SDI-12 wire of your sensor to the MRL-7. This offers a communication backup should standard serial communication fail.

14.4.7 Serial camera

Sommer Messtechnik provides a 2-megapixel serial camera for imaging applications. The camera is wired to the MRL-7 according to Figure 20 below.

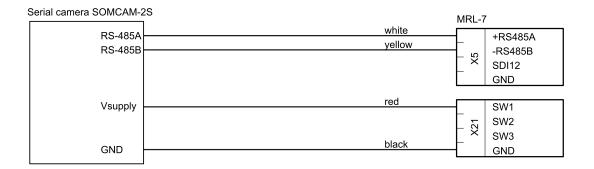
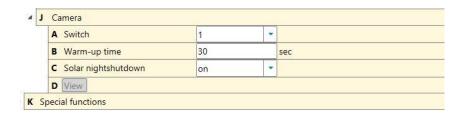


Figure 20 Wiring of serial camera SOMCAM-2

A dedicated firmware is delivered with the SOMCAM-2S for operation with the MRL-7. Update the MRL-7 with this firmware as describe in Update firmware.

The serial camera of this example is configured in the MRL-7 setup as follows:



An image can be acquired by clicking the View button.

To transmit images to a remote server, select *camera* in Content of one of the data transmission menus.

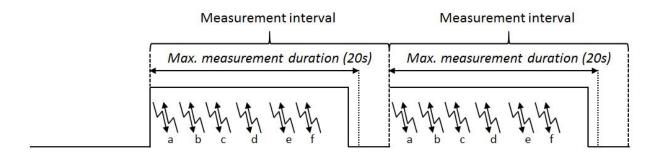
14.5 SDI-12

SDI-12 (Serial Data Interface at 1200 Baud) is a serial data communication standard for interfacing multiple sensors with a single data recorder.

The MRL-7 is equipped with a SDI-12 port on terminal block X5. SDI-12 bus mastering offers some helpful functions to query SDI-12 sensor addresses and to test communication.

14.5.1 Principles

The example below illustrates how the MRL-7 triggers the measurements and requests the results from three SDI-12 sensors.



The commands and the received responses are as follows:

- 1. OM! 00013<CR><LF> 3 values are available in 1 second
- 2. ODO! 0+1.1+2.2+3.3><CR><LF> 3 values: 1.1, 2.2, 3.3
- 3. 1M! 10022<CR><LF> 2 values are available in 2 seconds
- 4. 1D0! 1+4.4+5.5<CR><LF> 2 values: 4.4, 5.5
- 5. 2M! 20031<CR><LF> 1 value is available in 3 seconds
- 6. 2D0! 2+6.6<CR><LF> 1 value: 6.6

Figure 21 Principle of data acquisition by SDI-12

At the beginning of each measurement interval the MRL-7 sends an M! command to the first sensor. The sensor answers by returning the number of available measurements and the measurement duration. After the required measurement time the MRL-7 sends a D! command to request the measurement results. This sequence is repeated for the other two sensors before the next measurement interval starts.

For a detailed description on SDI-12 communication please refer to www.sdi-12.org.

14.5.2 Measurements with an SDI-12 sensor

An SDI-12 sensor is wired to the MRL-7 as shown in Figure 22.

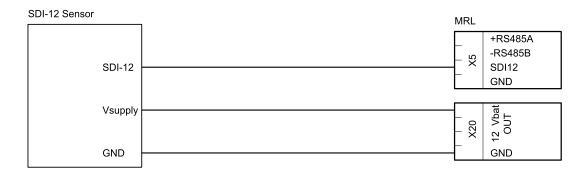
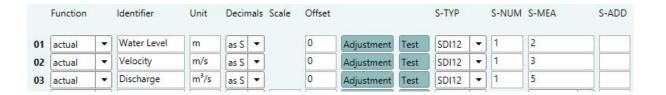


Figure 22 Wiring of a SDI-12 sensor

An SDI-12 sensor is configured in Measurement table as in the following example:



To enable data acquisition via SDI-12, S-TYP has to be set to *SDI12*, S-NUM to the SDI-12 address of the sensor and S-MEA to the position of the required measurement value in the data string.

To check the correct wiring between the MRL-7 and SDI-12 sensors, and to request the addresses of these sensors click on Sensor search in the SDI-12 bus mastering menu. This function then searches for any connected SDI-12 sensors and lists their addresses and identifications. To change a sensor address click Change sensor address.



NOTE Make sure Max. measurement duration is long enough to capture the SDI-12 measurement. If a sensor requires a warm-up time the measurement duration may increase considerably.

14.6 How to view live data

The current measurements performed by the MRL-7 can either be viewed on the LCD-display of the data logger (see Displaying the last measurement values) or with the Commander as described in View live data.

14.7 How to collect data

Measurement data are automatically stored on the MRL-7 in the defined Storage interval on the internal flash memory and/or a mounted MicorSD card. Alternatively, data can be transmitted regularly to a remote data server (see How to set up data transmission) or stored manually on a USB flash drive (see How to copy data to a USB flash drive).

To collect data with the Commander software follow the steps listed in Collect measurement data.

14.8 View collected data

Follow the steps below to view collected data with Commander:

1. Once measurement data have been collected, open the Data (F4) tab and click Open data file to select the file you want to view. The data are now loaded and displayed in the graph.

Several actions can be used to navigate within the graph:

- Select a data window by pressing the right mouse button and spanning a rectangular box.
- Select a certain time range by moving the mouse over the time axis with the right mouse button pressed.
- Select a certain value range by moving the mouse over the value axis with the right mouse button pressed.
- View all data by pressing the right mouse button within the graph pane.



NOTE Collected data are stored in the SommerXF format, a semicolon-delimited csv-file, which can be viewed with any text editor or spreadsheet tool.

15 Parameter definitions

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A Station ID

mrl-station-id

By default, the station ID is set to the MRL-7 serial number. Adjust to your requirements if needed.

Value range	Default	Unit
099'999'999	00'000'000	-

B Station name

mrl-station-name

The name of the Station (max. 32 characters long).

C Measurement Interval

generic-measurement-interval

The interval at which measurements are acquired.

Value range	Default	Units
00:00:01 12:00:00	00:01:00	-

D Storage interval

mrl-storage-interval

The interval at which acquired measurements are stored in internal memory or microSD-card.

Value range	Default	Unit
00:00:01 12:00:00	00:05:00	-

E Measurements, max. number

mrl-measurements-max-number

The number of variables the MRL-7 records. If the MRL-7 is shipped with additional instruments, SOMMER Messtechnik pre-configures the required variables. The variables are configured in Measurement table and their number can be increased to 99 (including Aux measurements, max. number)

Value range	Default	Unit
1 99	20	-

F Aux measurements, max. number

mrl-aux-measurements-max-number

The number of auxiliary variables the MRL-7 records. Auxiliary variables are configured like regular variables, except that they are not stored in memory and are only visible in the Commander Measurement tab, the terminal window or the logger display. In Measurement table they are numbered downwards from 99. Auxiliary variables may be used to monitor limit violations, trigger messages or to display a variable with a second, different unit.

Value range	Default	Units
1 99	0	-

G Measurement table

generic-measurement-table

In the measurement table the required variables and any auxiliary variables are configured. The measurement table can have up to 99 entries. Each entry is configured by the parameters described below:

Function

generic-measurement-table-function

Defines the output type of the variable. The following options are available:

ID	Function	Description
1	off	The variable is not recorded and stored.
2	actual	The last value acquired within the storage interval is recorded and saved.
3	meanval	The average of all values acquired within the storage interval is recorded and saved.
4	minimum	The minimum of all values acquired within the storage interval is recorded and saved.
5	maximum	The maximum of all values acquired within the storage interval is recorded and saved.
6	sum	The sum of all values acquired within the storage interval is recorded and saved.
7	intens.	Same as diff, but accepts only positive values.
8	diff.	The difference of the last values acquired in consecutive storage intervals is recorded and saved.
9	custom1	not available
10	custom2	not available

Identifier

generic-measurement-table-identifier

User defined variable name.

Unit

generic-measurement-table-unit

The unit of the selected variable.

Decimals

generic-measurement-table-decimals

The number of decimal places assigned to the selected variable. The following options are available:

ID	Decimals	Description		
1	15	number of decimal places assigned to the selected variable		
2	none	no decimal places		
3	as S	For a connected serial sensor put is adopted. For a connected analog sensor input type Voltage Current (420 mA) Resistance		·
		Temperature Frequency of wind sensor	2	°C Hz
		Direction of wind sensor	1	Degree

Scale

generic-measurement-table-scale

The slope applied to the selected variable. Only available if Decimals is set to 1...5 or none. If Decimals is set as S (as source), no scaling is applied.

Offset

generic-measurement-table-offset

The offset applied to the selected variable.

Adjustment

generic-measurement-table-adjustment

A measurement of the selected variable is triggered and the result displayed in the terminal window. If the measured value deviates from the correct value, the correct value can be entered. This adjusts the value in Offset. The factor in Scale is not affected by this correction.

Test

generic-measurement-table-test

A measurement of the selected variable is triggered and the result displayed in the terminal window.

S-TYP

 ${\tt generic-measurement-table-s-typ}$

One of the following sensor (or source) types:

S-TYP	Description and S-MEA options	
AIN	Analog input The input port is set in S-MEA with the following options: AN1 Analog input 1 AN2 Analog input 2 AN3 (N) Analog input 3 AN4 (D) Analog differential input	
WIND	Wind sensor The input is set in S-MEA with the following options: speed Wind speed direct. Wind direction	
COUNT	Counter input Counter 1 Counter input 1 Counter 2a Counter input 2-a Counter 2ab Counter input 2-ab	
SDI12	SDI-12 input The sensor address is set in S-NUM, and the position of the measurement value within the output string is assigned in S-MEA. Example: SDI-12 sensor with an output string $0.0 + 6.5 + 4.3 + 2.1 + \dots$ To retrieve the value 6.5 , S-MEA must be set to 1 and to retrieve the value 4.3 , S-MEA must be set to 2 .	
SBP	SOMMER sensor that supports the SBP-protocol (via RS-485) The sensor address is set in S-NUM, and the position of the measurement value within the output string is assigned in S-MEA (see Data acquisition examples).	
MIO	SOMMER sensor that supports the MIO-protocol (via RS-485) The sensor address is set in S-NUM, and the position of the measurement value within the output string is assigned in S-MEA (see Data acquisition examples).	

S-TYP	Description and S-MEA options	
SYS	System variable The variable is set in S-MEA with the following options:	
	key A	Number of times the MRL-7 is activated via its keyboard.
	key S	Number of times the MRL-7 is activated via its keyboard
		with the special key sequence + .
	manual	If the selected value has been changed manually, the updated value is stored.
	status C	not assigned
	exep. A	Diagnostic variable
	exep. B	Diagnostic variable
	light	Ambient light intensity (03000 Lux)
	+Sup V	Supply voltage
	+Bat V	Voltage of internal battery
	5V sup	Voltage of internal 5V bus supply
	mo CSQ	Modem signal strength (not available for MRL-70)
	mo excep.	Modem exception message (not available for MRL-70)
	mo srv1	Modem data server 1 (not available for MRL-70)
	mo srv2	Modem data server 2 (not available for MRL-70)
	mo srv3	Modem data server 3 (not available for MRL-70)
	Switch	Status of switched current output
	Message	Number of successful message transmissions since the last storage event. The message number defined in Measurement table must be entered in S-NUM.
RECYC	Performs an operation on the variable referenced in S-NUM and returns its result. See S-ADD for available operations.	
RECYCM	Performs a mathematical operation between two variables referenced in S-NUM and S-MES, and returns its result. See S-ADD for available functions.	

S-TYP	Description and S-MEA options	
GPS	Long Lat Altitude Sat	d GPS-receiver (only available in MRL-7GPS) The longitude of the data loggers position The latitude of the data loggers position The altitude of the data loggers position The number of satellites in view of the GPS-receiver oust be on for use of GPS-functionality!

S-NUM

generic-measurement-table-s-num

The number of the selected SDI-12 or RS-485 sensor, e.g. 3. Valid values for the SDI-12 address are 0...9, a...z and A...Z. The RS-485 device address may take a value 1...98.

S-MEA

generic-measurement-table-s-mea

The position of the measurement value within the string returned by a connected digital sensor, the name of an internal system variable, or the connection port of the selected analog sensor. See S-TYP for the available options.

S-ADD

generic-measurement-table-s-add

Contains additional commands which are sent with a standard request to a sensor (or source), or which provide additional options for controlling measurements and handling results. The available commands depend on the settings in S-TYP:

Function	S-TYP	S-ADD	Description
SUM	all	NR	No reset of summed variables at daily reset event.
SUM	all	MRx	Monthly reset of summed variables at day x, e.g MR1 for reset at 1st of month.
SUM	all	DD	Double data for summed variables at reset event; old and new values are stored.
SUM	all	TR	Threshold reset: for summed variables with Limit; sum is reduced by limit after limit violation.
all	SDI12	_Cn	Concurrent measurement command for measurements n ($_{C1}{C9}$).

Function	S-TYP	S-ADD	Description
all	SDI12	CCn	Concurrent measurement command with CRC for measurements n (_CC1CC9).
all	SDI12	_Mn	Measurement command for measurements n, (_M1 M9).
all	SDI12	MCn	Measurement command with CRC for measurements n, (_MC1MC9).
all	SDI12	_Rn	Read command for measurements n, (_R0R9).
all	SDI12	RCn	Read command with CRC for data n, (_RC0RC9).
all	SDI12	RD	Reads disdrometer data of Sommer Messtechnik RHD sensor.
all	SDI12	HD	Reads disdrometer data of Sommer Messtechnik HDI sensor.
all	SBP, MIO	SCx	Subchannel $\ensuremath{\mathbb{X}}$ for MDL compatibility.
all	SBP, MIO	TD	Trigger data of a SBP or MIO device.
all	MIO	TF	Trigger fake .
all	COUNT	SW	Switched direction of shaft/impuls encoder.
all	all	SY	Synchronous storage: variable that is normally stored asynchronously is stored in the main storage interval.
all	all	AS	Asynchronous storage: variable that is normally stored synchronously is stored in the Occasional storage interval.
all	all	PV	Values are returned on serial port RS-485-2 immediately after measurement. This may be used to send measurement values to another serial sensor as input.
all	all	ST	Triggers an action if the measurement value falls BELOW the specified limit set in Limit.
all	all	MAxx	Moving average of xx values, where xx is 5, 12, 24, 48, 96. Note: Each command can only be applied once, i.e. one MA5, one MA12,!

Function	S-TYP	S-ADD	Description
all	all	PS	Converts the measurement. interval into seconds and multiplies the result with the value of the variable
all	all	PM	Converts the measurement interval into minutes and multiplies the result with the value of the variable.
all	all	PH	Converts the measurement interval into hours and multiplies the result with the value of the variable.
all	all	PD	Converts the measurement interval into days and multiplies the result with the value of the variable.
all	RECYC	GS	Returns the limit status of the variable referenced in S-NUM.
all	RECYCM	D+	Adds variables referenced in S-NUM and S-MEA.
all	RECYCM	D-	Subtracts variable referenced in S-MEA from S-NUM.
all	RECYCM	D*	Multiplies variables referenced in S-NUM and S-MEA.
all	RECYCM	D/	Divides variable referenced in S-NUM by S-MEA.
all	RECYCM	EX	Returns exponential of variable referenced in S-NUM (power to basis $\ensuremath{\text{e}}$).
all	RECYCM	PTy.y	Returns potential of variable referenced in S-NUM to the power of y.y, e.g. a value of 2 with function PT3.0 returns $2^3 = 8$.
all	RECYCM	DM	Returns the value of the variable referenced in S-MEA at the maximum or minimum of the variable referenced in S-NUM. Generally used to record the wind directions of wind gusts.



TIP Multiple commands can be entered by separating them with a space, e.g. $\mathsf{D}+\ \mathsf{SY}.$

Limit

 ${\tt generic-measurement-table-limit}$

Optional limit value. By default, the measurement value must exceed the limit to trigger an action. Add the command ST in S-ADD to trigger an action if the measurement value falls below the limit.

Messages

generic-measurement-table-messages



The action to be performed if the measurement value exceeds or falls below the limit set in Limit. The actions are specified in Messages, table and are referenced by their message number. Multiple actions can be selected.

H Messages, table

mrl-messages-table

The MRL-7 features a configurable messaging system. Messages are transmitted to defined recipients whenever a measurement value exceeds or falls below a limit specified in Measurement table.

In the messages table up to 16 messages can be configured. Each entry is configured by the parameters described below:

Message

mrl-messages-table-message

Defines the type of the message. The following options are available:

ID	Message	Description
1	off	No message is sent.
2	Switch	A switch output is closed if a trigger condition is satisfied.
3	E-Mail	An E-mail is sent to a defined recipient if the trigger condition is satisfied. Not available with MRL-7 O-Versions.
4	text	A SMS message is sent to a defined recipient if the trigger condition is satisfied. Not available with MRL-7 O-Versions.

Recipient

mrl-messages-table-recipient

Either the E-mail address or the phone number of the recipient. Country codes of phone numbers are preceded either by 00 or +, e.g. 0049 or +49 for Germany.

Subject

 ${\tt mrl-messages-table-subject}$

Subject of the e-mail message, max. 80 characters long. The subject may include content codes as listed in .

Content

mrl-messages-table-content

The content of the e-mail or SMS message, max. 160 characters long. The content may include content codes as listed in .

Switch



The switch output to be used. Up to three outputs can be selected.

Hold

mrl-messages-table-hold

The time in seconds the selected switch is closed after a limit violation has occurred. If 0 seconds is entered, the switch is closed as long as the limit value is violated.

Code	Description
%sid%	Station ID assigned to the MRL-7
%sname%	Station name assigned to the MRL-7
%cname%	Name of the channel that triggered the message
%cunit%	Unit assigned to the channel that triggered the message
%time%	Time of message transmission
%date%	Date of message transmission
%cval%	Last measurement result acquired before message transmission
%tval%	Limit value that was crossed
%rval%	Measurement result that triggered the message
%wnum%	Message number (0116)
%cp%	Measurement result of a user defined channel.

Content codes



EXAMPLE

Channel number 02 triggers an e-mail message. This message shall contain the channel name and value of the measurement result that triggered the message and additionally the current result of channel number 14. The corresponding message is written as:

%cname% %rval% Ch.14 m.value = %cp14%

I Modem

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I-A Network functionality

mrl-network-functionality

ID	Setting	Description
1	on	Network connection is active
2	off (default)	Network connection is inactive

I-B Modem config

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I-B-A SIM pin

mrl-sim-pin

The PIN of the SIM card. If set to -1, no PIN is required.

Value range	Default	Unit
-19′999	-1	-

The PIN cannot be changed with the MRL-7. Use a different device, e.g. mobile phone, for this task.



ATTENTION If the wrong PIN is entered, the SIM card will be locked after three consecutive attempts to transfer data.

I-B-B Net type

mrl-net-type

The telecommunication standard used for data transmission.

ID	Setting	Description
1	auto (default)	The telecommunication network is selected automatically.
2	3G	Only 3G telecommunication networks are used to transfer data.
3	2G	Only 2G telecommunication networks are used to transfer data.
4	4G	Only 4G telecommunication networks are used to transfer data.
5	auto (US + CA)	The telecommunication network is selected automatically. Applies to the US and Canada only.

I-B-C Foreign operator mcc&mnc

mrl-foreign-operator-mcc-mnc

The mobile country code and mobile network code for your home network in case your provider is a virtual one. If blank, this setting is inactive (default).

I-B-D Operator select

mrl-operator-select

The network operator to be used.

ID	Setting	Description
1	auto (default)	The network operator is selected automatically.
2	home	Only the SIM card's home network is used.
3	Prefer home	Preferably, the home network of the selected operator is chosen. If no connection can be established with the home network, another operator is selected automatically.

I-B-E APN address

mrl-apn-address

The APN of your carrier's mobile network. The APN can be selected from a list displayed with Select APN in the Commander menu Special commands.

I-B-F APN username

mrl-apn-username

The APN username.

I-B-G APN password

mrl-apn-password

The APN password.

I-B-H Custom command 1

mrl-custom-command-1

AT command sent to the modem, e.g. *AT+CSQ* to query the radio signal strength. The escape characters listed in Escape characters may be used.

All AT commands must be answered with an OK by the connected modem. Use this function only if you are familiar with AT commands.

I-B-I Custom command 2

mrl-custom-command-2

See Custom command 1.

I-C Data transmission 1

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I-C-L	HTTP path	133
I-C-M	HTTP port	133

I-C-A Target server type

mrl-target-server-type

The type of server to which the data are sent to.

ID	Setting	Description
1	off (default)	No data are transmitted.
2	http	Data are sent to a HTTP server (HTTP settings are used)
3	ftp	Data are sent to a FTP server (FTP settings are used)

I-C-B Data transmission interval

mrl-data-transmission-interval

The interval in which data are transmitted to the selected server.

Value range	Default	Unit
00:01:00 24:00:00	00:10:00	-

I-C-C Data transmission offset

mrl-data-transmission-offset

The data transmission offset is used to prevent several MRL-7 from sending their data to the same server at the same time. Thus, set different transmission offsets when using several MRL-7 with the same server.

Value range	Default	Unit
00:00:00 23:59:59	00:01:09	-

I-C-D Content

mrl-content

The type of data to be transmitted.

ID	Setting	Description
1	data (default)	Measurement data are transmitted.
2	camera	Pictures of a connected camera are transmitted.

I-C-E FTP server name

mrl-ftp-server-name

The FTP name or server address.

I-C-F FTP user name

mrl-ftp-user-name

The username of your FTP server account. The escape characters listed in Appendix C may be used.

I-C-G FTP password

mrl-ftp-password

The password of your FTP server account. The escape characters listed in Appendix C may be used.

I-C-H FTP directory

mrl-ftp-directory

The FTP directory where the data are saved. If empty, data are saved to the FTP root directory. The escape characters listed in Appendix C may be used.

I-C-I FTP port

mrl-ftp-port

The FTP server port. Default is 21.

I-C-J FTP mode

mrl-ftp-mode

The FTP server mode.

ID	Setting	Description
1	active	active FTP
2	passive (default)	passive FTP

I-C-K HTTP server name

mrl-http-server-name

The HTTP name or server address.

I-C-L HTTP path

mrl-http-path

The HTTP request, URL or script by which the data are saved. The escape characters listed in Appendix C may be used.

I-C-M HTTP port

mrl-http-port

The HTTP server port. Default is 80.

I-D Data transmission 2

See Data transmission 1.

I-E Data transmission 3

See Data transmission 1.

I-F Data transmission 4

See Data transmission 1.

I-G Remote config

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I-G-A Background function

mrl-background-function

Specifies the management of communication requests.

ID	Setting	Description
1	off (default)	The MRL-7 does not accept remote connections.
2	time window	The MRL-7 accepts IP-calls and Socket requests in the time window specified by Standby, start time and Standby, duration. Net type must be set to 2G.
3	time wi. + IP call	The MRL-7 accepts CSD calls in the time window specified by Standby, start time and Standby, duration, and checks periodically for IP call requests. Net type must be set to 2G.
4	time wi. + socket	The MRL-7 accepts CSD calls in the time window specified by Standby, start time and Standby, duration, and listens on its IP address with port 4646 for requests.

I-G-B Standby, start time

mrl-standby-start-time

The time of day from which the MRL-7 is available for remote communication (CSD calls, IP calls).

Value range	Default	Unit
00:00:00 23:59:59	08:00:00	-

I-G-C Standby, duration

mrl-standby-duration

The time for which the MRL-7 is available for remote communication (IP-calls and Socket requests).

Value range	Default	Unit
00:00:00 23:59:59	01:00:00	-

I-G-D Standby 2, start time

mrl-standby-start-time-second

The time of day from which the MRL-7 is available for remote communication (CSD calls, IP calls).

Value range	Default	Unit
00:00:00 24:00:00	empty	-

I-G-E Standby 2, duration

mrl-standby-duration-second

The time for which the MRL-7 is available for remote communication (IP-calls and Socket requests).

Value range	Default	Unit
00:00:00 23:59:59	empty	-

I-G-F IP Call server

mrl-ip-call-server

The name or address of the IP call server. Default is *mds.sommer.at*.

I-G-G IP Call port

mrl-ip-call-port

The port of the IP call server. Default is 4647.

I-G-H IP Call interval

mrl-ip-call-interval

The interval at which the MRL-7 checks if there are any IP call requests. These checks are only performed within the time window specified by Standby, start time and Standby, duration.

Value range	Default	Unit
00:01:00 00:05:00	00:01:00	-

I-H Time source

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I-H-A Time source

mrl-time-source

The time source to which the MRL-7 is synchronized.

ID	Setting	Description
1	off	Time synchronization is inactive.
	NTP (default)	Time is synchronized to a NTP server.

I-H-B Time-zone

mrl-time-zone

The offset in seconds of the local time to UTC. For example, a local time of UTC+1 is entered as 3600 sec.

Value range	Default	Unit
43'200 43'200	3'600	sec

I-H-C Synchronization time

mrl-synchronization-time

The time at which the clock of the MRL-7 is synchronized.

Value range	Default	Unit
00:00:00 23:59:59	02:08:43	-

I-H-D NTP server

mrl-ntp-server

The address of the NTP server. Default is mds.sommer.at.

I-H-E NTP port

mrl-ntp-port

The NTP port of the NTP server. Default is 123.

I-I E-mail/SMTP

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I-I-C	Username	138
I-I-D	Password	138
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I-I-A E-mail/SMTP

mrl-email-smtp

The name or address of the E-Mail server used by the MRL-7 to send e-mails, e.g. smt-p@emailprovider.com.

I-I-B Sender

mrl-sender

E-mail address of the MRL-7, e.g. sender.name@emailprovider.com.

I-I-C Username

mrl-username

Username of your e-mail server account (if requested by the server).

I-I-D Password

mrl-password

Password of your e-mail server account (if requested by the server).

I-I-E Port

mrl-port



J Technics

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J-A Language/Sprache

generic-language

The menu language.

ID	Option	Description
1	german/deutsch	German language
2	english/englisch (default)	English language

J-B Decimal character

generic-decimals-character

The character used as decimal separator in the values of the settings and in serial data strings.

ID	Option	Description
1	comma	-
2	dot (default)	

J-C Additional settings

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J-C-A Sommer ID

generic-sommer-id

The Sommer ID is used to define stations within the Commander software. The ID is preset in the device and corresponds to its serial number.SOMMER suggests not to change the ID, except if a MRL-7 device is replaced. In such a case it can be practical to change the ID of the new device to the ID of the replaced device to guarantee data consistency.

J-C-B Block size, data load

mrl-block-size-data-load

The amount of data transferred by one communication block over the serial interface.

Value range	Default	Units
50250	250	-

J-C-C Internal low volt. Disconnect

mrl-internal-low-volt-disconnect

To prevent deep discharge of the MRL-7 batteries, the device switches off if the battery voltage drops below the specified limit. It then checks every hour if the battery has recuperated again and eventually switches back to normal measurement mode. The limit depends on the battery used; consult the battery datasheet for more information.

Value range	Default	Unit
5.011.0	10.5	V



ATTENTION Inappropriate setting of the voltage limit can seriously impair the continuous operation of the MRL-7!

J-C-D SommerXF starts with BOM

mrl-sommerxf-starts-with-bom

The BOM (Byte Order Mark) labels the downloaded data file to indicate that special characters within the file are coded.

ID	Setting	Description
1	on (default)	BOM is returned.
2	off	BOM is not returned.

J-C-E Exposure lock

mrl-exposure-lock

Sets data visibility on the MRL-7 display.

ID	Setting	Description
1	off (default)	Measurement data are displayed.
2	display	Measurement data are displayed only after access code has been entered.
3	display + data	Measurement data are displayed only after access code has been entered. Additionally, downloading data to a connected flash drive requires the access code.



ATTENTION As long as the display is active, the entered access code keeps all system settings of the logger unlocked!

J-C-F LCD, Contrast

mrl-lcd-contrast

The contrast of the LCD-display.

ID	Setting	Description
1	weak	low contrast
2	base (default)	base contrast
3	medium	medium contrast
4	high	high contrast

J-C-G LCD, Brightness

mrl-lcd-brightness

The MRL-7 is equipped with an integrated ambient light sensor that is used to automatically adjust the display brightness.

If the light intensity is below the specified value, the backlight brightness is automatically adjusted to a suitable level. If the value is exceeded, the display backlight is switched off.

Value range	Default	Unit
03000	40	lm

J-C-H Wind speed measurement duration

mrl-wind-speed-measurement-duration

The time for measuring the wind speed with a connected anemometer.

Value range	Default	Unit
5002000	1000	ms

J-D Additional timings

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J-D-A Sum, reset time

mrl-sum-reset-time

Time at which the sums of summed variables defined in Measurement table are reset to zero.

Value range	Default	Unit
00:00:00 23:59:59	07:00:00	-

J-D-B Occasional storage interval

mrl-occasional-storage-interval

Storage interval of variables which are only stored at the time when their value changes. Counter variables and certain system variables are stored by default in this interval. By adding the command SY in Measurement table, the variable is forced to be stored in the primary storage interval.

Value range	Default	Unit
00:00:00 23:59:59	00:01:00	-

J-D-C Sync date (last)

mrl-sync-date-last

The date at which the MRL-7 date is manually synchronized to the Commander date; read only. This date is saved automatically for traceability.

J-D-D Sync time (last)

mrl-sync-time-last

The time at which the MRL-7 time is manually synchronized to the Commander time; read only. This time is saved automatically for traceability.

J-D-E min. Hold on message

mrl-min-hold-on-message



The time, after a limit violation, for which a message or switch action is valid. For example, if a value of five minutes is entered, and the wind speed of a connected anemometer exceeds the limit value repeatedly within these five minutes, no additional message is sent. Used to suppress multiple messages if variable fluctuates around the limit value.

Value range	Default	Unit
0 180	5	min

J-D-F max. Hold on message

mrl-max-hold-on-message

The time over which a limit has to be violated before another message is sent. For example, if a value of 60 minutes is entered, and the wind speed of a connected anemometer still exceeds the limit value after 60 minutes, another SMS-warning is sent.

A value of zero deactivates this function.

Value range	Default	Unit
0 120	0	min

J-D-G Hold commander

mrl-hold-commander

Time between the last RS-232 communication and the switch-off of the interface. After switch-off a wake-up sequence activates the interface again.

Value range	Default	Unit
1 30	8	sec

J-D-H X20 reset

mrl-x20-reset

If activated, the 12-V power supply of the X20 terminal is switched off and on again daily at Sum, reset time. Generally used to reset connected sensors.

ID	Setting	Description
1	off (default)	Reset is not active
2	10 sec	Power supply of X20 terminal is switched off for 10 seconds
3	30 sec	Power supply of X20 terminal is switched off for 30 seconds

J-D-I Logger reboot time

mrl-logger-reboot-time

Sets the daily reboot of the data logger. Deactivated if nothing is entered.

Setting a daily reboot is recommended for remote stations where the mobile network may drop the modem into an undefined communication state.



NOTE Enabling daily reboot may lead to some data loss if the measurement interval is less than a few minutes.

Value range	Default	Unit
00:00:00 23:59:59		-

J-E Com-1 protocol

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J-E-F	OP, prefix holdback	147

J-E-A Device number

 ${\tt generic-rs-485-protocol-device-number}$

The device number is used for the unique identification of the device in a bus system.

Value range	Default	Units
098	1 (default)	-

J-E-B System key

generic-rs-485-protocol-system-key

The system key defines the bus system of the device. Thus, different conceptual bus systems can be separated. Interfering bus systems occur if the remote radio coverage of two measurement systems overlap. In general, the system key should be set to 00.

Value range	Default	Units
099	0	-

J-E-C Output protocol (OP)

generic-rs-485-protocol-output-protocol

The type of the serial output protocol. The following options are available:

ID	Option	Description
1	Sommer (default)	Sommer protocol; data values are returned with an index starting at 1
2	Standard	Standard protocol; data values are returned without an index

J-E-D OP, measurement output

generic-rs-485-protocol-measurement-output

Specifies the timing of the serial data output.

ID	Option	Description
1	just per com- mand	The output is only requested by commands via the RS-485 or SDI-12 interface.
2	measured values push	Data are returned automatically after each measurement.
3	storage values push	Data are returned automatically after they have been written to the data logger memory.

J-E-E OP, wake-up sequence

generic-rs-485-protocol-wake-up-sequence



Serial data can be transmitted to a recording device automatically without a request. However, many devices demand a wake-up sequence before they can receive and process data. The MRL-7 has the option to send a sync sequence and a prefix before data are transmitted (see Waking-up a connected data logger). The following options are available:

ID	Option	Description
1	off	No wake-up sequence
2	sync	The sync sequence UU~?~? is sent before the output string.
3	prefix (default)	A blank with a time delay is sent before the output string.
4	prefix & sync	A blank with a time delay and the sync sequence UU~?~? is sent before the output string.

J-E-F OP, prefix holdback

generic-rs-485-protocol-prefix-holdback

The hold-back time defines the time delay between the prefix and the data string.

Value range	Default	Units
05'000	300	ms

J-F Com-1 port

J-F-A	Baud rate	147
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J-F-A Baud rate

generic-rs-485-port-baud-rate

The following transmission rates in bps (baud) can be selected:

ID	Option	Description
1	1'200	-
2	2'400	-
3	4'800	-
4	9'600 (default)	-
5	19'200	-
6	38'400	-
7	57'600	-
8	115'200	-

J-F-B Minimum response time

 ${\tt generic-rs-485-port-minimum-response-time}$

Setting of this parameter avoids interference of communication at the RS-485 interface. For this purpose the response to a command is delayed by the selected time. Additionally, the response is kept compact.

Value range	Default	Units
02'000	10	ms

J-F-C Flow control

generic-rs-485-port-flow-control

The XOFF-XON flow control can be activated with this setting.

ID	Option	Description
1	Off (default)	no flow control
2	XOFF-XON blocking	XOFF-XON flow control, especially adapted for half-duplex systems

J-G RS-485-2 Port

The RS-485-2 interface is used to read data from connected digital sensors. The following parameters are available to configure it.

J-G-A	Baud rate	149
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J-G-A Baud rate

generic-rs-485-port-baud-rate

The following transmission rates in bps (baud) can be selected:

ID	Option	Description
1	1'200	-
2	2'400	-
3	4'800	-
4	9'600 (default)	-
5	19'200	-
6	38'400	-
7	57'600	-
8	115'200	-

J-G-B Parity, stop bits

generic-rs-485-port-parity-stop-bits

The following combinations of parity and stop bits can be selected:

ID	Option	Description
1	no par, 1 stop (default)	No parity and 1 stop bit
2	no par, 2 stop	No parity and 2 stop bits
3	even par, 1 stop	Even parity and 1 stop bit
4	odd par, 1 stop	Odd parity and 1 stop bit

J-G-C Minimum response time

generic-rs-485-port-minimum-response-time

Setting of this parameter avoids interference of communication at the RS-485 interface. For this purpose the response to a command is delayed by the selected time. Additionally, the response is kept compact.

Value range	Default	Units
02'000	10	ms

J-G-D Transmitter warm-up time

generic-rs-485-port-transmitter-warm-up-time

The transmitter warm-up time defines the time before data is sent.

Value range	Default	Units
02'000	10	ms

J-G-E Flow control

generic-rs-485-port-flow-control

The XOFF-XON flow control can be activated with this setting.

ID	Option	Description
1	Off (default)	no flow control
2	XOFF-XON blocking	XOFF-XON flow control, especially adapted for half-duplex systems

J-G-F Sending window

generic-rs-485-port-sending-window

If XON-XOFF flow control is activated data are transmitted in blocks with the defined length.

Value range	Default	Units
2005'000	300	ms

J-G-G Receiving window

generic-rs-485-port-receiving-window

If XON-XOFF flow control is activated transmission of blocks is delayed by the specified time.

Value range	Default	Units
2005'000	300	ms

J-G-H Trig, polling

generic-rs-485-port-trig-polling

Sets the polling of connected digital sensors.

ID	Setting	Description
1	off (default)	Continuous polling is inactive.
2	on	Continuous polling is active.

J-G-I Trig, timeout

generic-rs-485-port-trig-timeout

The time the MRL-7 is waiting until expected commands/answers are received via the RS485-2 interface.

Value range	Default	Units
3 250	60	S

J-G-J Trig, sleep while timeout

generic-rs-485-port-trig-sleep-timeout

To reduce power consumption the MRL-7 can switch to a sleep mode between measurements.

ID	Setting	Description
1	off (default)	MRL-7 remains activated between measurements, i.e. during Trig, timeout
2	on	MRL-7 is inactive between initialization of measurement and reception of measurement data. The connected sensor must send a Prefix command to wake up the MRL-7 for data transmission.

J-G-K Network scan extension

generic-rs-485-port-network-scan-extension

Optional detection of connected SOMMER sensors with the Commander software.

ID	Setting	Description
1	off (default)	Detection of SOMMER devices connected to RS485-2 is deactivated.
2	on	Detection of SOMMER devices connected to RS485-2 is activated.

J-G-L Polling delay

generic-rs-485-polling-delay

Time by which polling of multiple digital sensors is delayed. Used to poll sensors in sequence to avoid communication conflicts.

Value range	Default	Unit
0 20	2	sec

J-G-M Transparency to RS485-2

generic-rs-485-port-transparency-rs-485-2

Only available in terminal mode. After activation, direct communication with a connected sensor is enabled, i.e. commands and theirs answers are exchanged over the RS485-2 interface of the MRL-7. With this mode the settings of a connected digital sensor can be read or changed.

J-H SDI-12 bus mastering

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J-H-A Max. measurement duration

generic-sdi-12-max-measurement-duration

The timeout for commands sent to SDI-12 devices connected to the MRL-7. If a SDI-12 device does not respond to a command within this time the device returns an error.

Value range	Default	Units
0255	20	sec

J-H-B Sensor search

generic-sdi-12-sensor-search

Searches for connected SDI-12 sensors and lists their identification and sensor address in the terminal window.

J-H-C Change sensor address

generic-sdi-12-change-sensor-address

Changes the SDI-12 address of a connected sensor.

J-H-D Ask for sensor address

generic-ask-sensor-address



Reads the SDI-12 address and its identification of a single SDI-12 sensor connected to the MRL-7.

J-H-E Transparency

mrl-sdi-12-transparency

Enables direct communication with a connected device, i.e. commands and theirs answers are exchanged over the SDI-12 interface of the MRL-7.

J-I Analog setup

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J-I-A 5V sensor supply

mrl-5v-sensor-supply

Sets the 5V analog sensor supply.

ID	Setting	Description
1	off (default)	5V sensor supply is inactive
2	switched (only AIN)	5V sensor supply is active during measurements only
3	always on	5V sensor supply is always on

J-I-B 12V sensor supply

mrl-12v-sensor-supply

Sets the 12V analog sensor supply.

ID	Setting	Description
1	off (default)	12V sensor supply is switched off.
2	switched	12V sensor supply is active during measurements only (max. 200mA).
3	always on	12V sensor supply is always active (max. 200mA).

J-I-C Extended supply

mrl-extended-supply

Auxiliary voltage and current output for analog measurements. If one of the options is selected, Warm-up time applies.

ID	Setting	Description
1	off (default)	Extended supply is inactive
2	2.5V	2.5V are supplied at the 2.5V Ref-Out pin
3	0.5mA	0.5mA are supplied at the CurrH pin
4	2.5V + 0.5mA	2.5V are supplied at the 2.5V Ref-Out pin and 0.5mA at the CurrH pin

J-I-D Switch usage

mrl-switch-usage

Activates switched 12-V supply (SW) for analog measurements.

ID	Setting	Description
1	off (default)	Switched supply voltage is inactive.
2	1	SW1 is active during measurements.
3	2	SW2 is active during measurements.
4	3	SW3 is active during measurements.

J-I-E Warm-up time

generic-warm-up-time

The time required to return valid measurements, e.g., if an analog sensor requires warm-up to perform properly.

Value range	Default	Units
0255	0	sec

J-I-F ADC - conv. Rate

mrl-adc-conversion-rate

The sampling rate of the analog inputs.

ID	Setting	Description
1	2 Hz	Sampling rate of 2 Hz
2	3 Hz	Sampling rate of 3 Hz
3	5 Hz	Sampling rate of 5 Hz
4	8 Hz	Sampling rate of 8 Hz
5	25 Hz	Sampling rate of 25 Hz
6	62 Hz	Sampling rate of 62 Hz
7	125 Hz	Sampling rate of 125 Hz
8	250 Hz	Sampling rate of 250 Hz

J-I-G ADC filter

mrl-adc-filter

Filter for analog data acquisition.

ID	Setting	Description
1	off (default)	Each analog channel is sampled once and no filter is applied.
2	minimum of 3	Each analog channel is sampled three times per measurement cycle and the minimum value is returned.
3	medium of	Each analog channel is sampled three times per measurement cycle and the median value is returned.
4	mean of 3	Each analog channel is sampled three times per measurement cycle and the mean value is returned.

J-I-H AN3 (N) type

mrl-an3-type

Measurement type of analog input channel AN3.

ID	Setting	Description
1	voltage 2.5 (default)	Analog voltage input 0V 2.5V.
2	NTC	Measures the resistance of an NTC-thermistor.
3	R meas > 2k	Measures a resistance >2 $k\Omega$.

J-I-I AN4 (D) type

mrl-an4-type

Measurement type of analog input channel AN4.

ID	Setting	Description
1	voltage 2.5 (default)	Analog voltage input 0V 2.5V.
2	voltage 0.3	Analog voltage input 0V 0.3V.
3	R meas > 1k2	Measures a resistance >1.2 k Ω .
4	R meas < 1k2	Measures a resistance <1.2 k Ω .
5	PT1000	Measures the resistance of a PT1000 temperature sensor.

J-J Camera

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J-J-A Switch

mrl-switch

Powering of a connected camera.

ID	Setting	Description
1	off (default)	Camera is not powered by the MRL-7
2	1	Camera is connected to switched 12-V supply SW1.
3	2	Camera is connected to switched 12-V supply SW2.
4	3	Camera is connected to switched 12-V supply SW3.

J-J-B Warm-up time

mrl-warm-up-time-camera

The warm-up time of the camera. Only available if camera is powered by one of the switched 12-V supplies (SW).

Value range	Default	Unit
0 120	30	sec

J-J-C Solar nightshutdown

mrl-solar-nightshutdown

Activation of camera during the night. Only applicable if MRL-7 is solar powered.

ID	Setting	Description
1	off	Camera takes pictures during night and day.
2	on (default)	Camera does not take picture during the night.

J-J-D View

mrl-view

Function to acquire a picture. Activates the camera and displays the recorded JPEG-image in the Commander. The image is also stored in the default download location of the commander (generally *C:\Users\Public\Documents\Sommer\Data*). If triggered with a terminal editor, the acquired image is displayed in its binary code.

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K-A Device status

 ${\tt generic-special-functions-device-status}$

Displays information about the sensor and the software version.

K-B View setup

generic-special-functions-view-setup

All parameters of the MRL-7 are listed in the terminal window.

K-C Continuous meas. mode (temp).

generic-special-functions-continuous-meas-mode



Inactive in the Commander menu. This feature can be triggered under the Measurement (F3) tab with the command Start polling measurements. When active, measurements are performed continuously, ignoring the specified measurement interval.

K-D Inspection, nominal values

mrl-inspection-nominal-values

Lists internal nominal values of the MRL-7 and is used for diagnostic purposes.

K-E Inspection, start process

mrl-inspection-start-process

Only for diagnostic purposes. Performs a test of the internally generated voltages and analog inputs.

K-F Set factory default

generic-special-functions-set-factory-default

All parameters are reset to factory defaults. Only available in terminal-mode.

K-G Temp. load factory default

generic-special-functions-temp-load-factory-default

Loads factory default values temporarily. Only available in terminal mode.

K-H Relaunch program

 ${\tt generic-special-functions-relaunch-program}$

The device is restarted. Powering the sensor off and on again is equivalent.

K-I Replace program

generic-special-functions-replace-program

The sensor is set into a "Boot Loader" mode for three minutes to upload new software.

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A.1 Connections

A.1.1 Commander cannot connect to the MRL-7 via RS-232 port

Reason	Solution
COM-port settings are incorrect	Run Communication assistant to get the correct COM-port settings.
Lithium button cell battery has run out of power	Replace lithium button cell battery as described in How to replace the internal lithium battery.
A pin of the RS-232 connector is damaged	Check if a pin of the plug or socket is damaged. If a pin is bent, straighten it with a small screw driver or tweezers.

A.1.2 Commander cannot connect to the MRL-7 by IP call

Reason	Solution
Modem inactive	 Activate modem in Network functionality Perform a modem test
SIM card not present or not activated	Insert activated SIM card
Wrong SIM pin or pin not deactivated	Check SIM pin, or deactivate SIM pin and enter - 1 in SIM pin
Prepaid SIM card has run out of credit	Recharge prepaid SIM card

Reason	Solution
Modem is not registered at the provider-side	In some countries, e.g. USA, Turkey, Azerbaijan, the mobile modem needs to be registered at the provider side. Check registration with your mobile provider.
Incorrect APN	Check APN settings
Station settings are incorrect	Check Station settings in the CommanderStations(F7) tab; especially Station number, Sommer ID and IMSI number
Time window for logger access set inappropriately	Adjust Standby, start time and Standby, duration
No internet connection to data server	Verify that you can reach <u>mds.sommer.at</u> from your computer.
No antenna connected	Connect antenna
Antenna connector damaged	Replace antenna connector
Lithium button cell battery has run out of power	Replace lithium button cell battery as described in How to replace the internal lithium battery

A.1.3 Commander cannot access the MRL-7 by socket connection

Reason	Solution
Wrong modem/network setup.	See Commander cannot connect to the MRL-7 by IP call
IP-address and/or port-number of the Commander and the MRL-7 do not match.	Make sure that IP-address and port match.
The Data transmission interval is too short to allow access by Commander. If, for example, data transmission requires 60 s and Data transmission interval is set to 60 s, a socket connection can not be established due to reinitialization of the connection.	Increase Data transmission interval. Option: Consider using IP-call if frequent access to the MRL-7 is required.

A.2 Devices

A.2.1 The MRL-7 is not responding

Reason	Solution
The power supply is not connected or turned off.	Check if the power supply is connected and on.
The polarity of connected power supply wires is wrong.	Check the polarity of connected wires.
The power supply does not provide enough current.	Use a power supply that provides more current than listed in the Specifications.
The power supply voltage is out of range.	Adjust the power supply to match the specified voltage range.
The port settings of the MRL-7 and the data acquisition system do not match.	Use the CommanderCommunication assistant or adapt port settings on your device. NOTE Sommer Messtechnik devices require the following Baud rates: Sensor: 9600 Data logger: 115200 Modbus: 19200 In case of doubt use the function Check port in the Communication assistant.
The COM-port has not assigned correctly to the USB converter.	 Make sure to use a Sommer Messtechnik USB converter. Third party converters are not supported. Check the COM-port number using Windows Device Manager. Plug in the USB converter first, then start Commander.
A sensor wire is not connected firmly to the terminal of the data acquisition device.	Check the firm connection of the sensor wires.
A pin of the connector plug is bent or broken.	Verify that all connector pins are straight.

A.2.2 The MRL-7 reboots repeatedly

Reason	Solution
The power supply has not enough current to start the MRL-7.	Verify that the power supply provides enough current. A MRL-7 consumes up to 140 mA @ 12 V. If required, power the MRL-7 by an additional or alternative supply.

A.2.3 Commander does not find connected RS-485 sensors

Reason	Solution
Network scan extension off	Turn on Network scan extension
Sensor not connected or not powered	Verify sensor connection and power supply
Wrong polarity of RS-485 wires	Verify that the yellow wire is connected to serial port A and the gray to serial port B.
Port settings do not match	Adapt port settings on sensor or in RS-485-2 Port

A.3 Measurement data

A.3.1 MRL-7 receives no data from RS-485 (SBP) sensors

Reason	Solution
Measurement trigger of sensor is set to <i>SDI-</i> 12/RS485, but Trig, polling of MRL-7 is set to <i>off</i>	Turn on Trig, polling
MRL-7 shall receive pushed data, but connected sensor is set to polling mode	Set measurement trigger of connected sensor to interval
Data from a digital sensor are returned after Trig, timeout has elapsed.	Increase Trig, timeout to max. measurement duration of the connected sensor plus a few seconds, or reduce any excess warm-up time of the sensor.
Wrong sensor number or measurement number in Measurement table	Verify sensor/measurement numbers in Measurement table

A.3.2 Measurement data are not updated

The device is connected to the Commander, but the data are not updated.

Cause	Solution
Data traffic conflict	Reboot the device by interrupting the power supply.

A.4 Data transmission

A.4.1 Data are not transmitted to server

Reason	Solution
No new data available for transmission	Check data storage interval
Data transmission interval set inappropriately	Adapt Data transmission interval
SIM card not present or not activated	Insert activated SIM card
Wrong SIM pin or pin not deactivated	Check SIM pin, or deactivate SIM pin and enter - 1 in SIM pin
Prepaid SIM card has run out of credit	Recharge prepaid SIM card
Modem is not registered at the provider-side	In some countries, e.g. USA, Turkey, Azerbaijan, the mobile modem needs to be registered at the provider side. Check registration with your mobile provider.
Modem inactive	Activate modem in Network functionality
No antenna connected	Connect antenna
Antenna connector damaged	Replace antenna connector
Typo in APN configuration	Check APN address, APN username and APN password
Typo in FTP or HTTP server configuration	Check FTP and HTTP settings (e.g., \emph{F} instead of \emph{f} , \ instead of $\emph{/}$)
Mobile network provider only accepts SSL protocol	Add at{}smtpcfg=1,587,1 to Custom command 1 and change Port to 587

A.5 Notifications

A.5.1 No e-mail was sent upon limit violation

Reason	Solution
Message trigger not active	Activate the required message in Messages of Measurement table
Modem inactive	Activate modem in Network functionality
SIM card not present or not activated	Insert activated SIM card
Wrong SIM pin or pin not deactivated	Check SIM pin, or deactivate SIM pin and enter - 1 in SIM pin
Prepaid SIM card has run out of credit	Recharge prepaid SIM card
No antenna connected	Connect antenna
Antenna connector damaged	Replace antenna connector
Typo in recipients email address	Check Recipient in Messages, table
SMTP server settings are incorrect	Check settings in E-mail/SMTP
Mobile network provider only accepts SSL protocol	Add at{}smtpcfg=1,587,1 to Custom command 1 and change Port to 587
Lithium button cell battery has run out of power	Replace lithium button cell battery as described in How to replace the internal lithium battery

A.5.2 I receive repeated messages after limit violation

Reason	Solution
min. Hold on message ≤ Storage interval	Increase min. Hold on message
max. Hold on message not deactivated	Deactivate max. Hold on message by entering 0

A.6 Time & date

A.6.1 Data logger clock displays year 2050

Reason	Solution
Lithium button cell battery empty	Replace Lithium cell battery (see How to replace the internal lithium battery)

A.6.2 Measurement values are one hour behind

Reason	Solution
MRL-7 does NOT switch to daylight saving time, i.e. there is no time shift during clock change in spring and fall	Record data in default standard time, or adapt time manually

A.7 RS-485

A.7.1 Configuration via terminal shows unexpected behavior

Accessing the parameter menus in the terminal leads to unexpected behavior, e.g. after entering a menu character the terminal displays repeated error messages or jumps out of the parameter menu.

Reason	Solution
The sensor, power supply and PC/laptop do not share the same ground.	Verify that all equipment is connected to the same ground.

A.8 Counter input

A.8.1 The counter input is not working

Reason	Solution
The DIP-switches on the electronic board of the MRL-7 are in the wrong position.	Check the position of the DIP-switches according to DIP-switches.

A.9 Camera

A.9.1 Camera does not record images

Reason	Solution
Camera not powered	Verify that camera is powered
Warm-up time too short	Increase Warm-up time by several seconds
Wrong wiring of 12V power terminal X21	Reverse polarity of 12V power supply wires
Wrong polarity of RS-485 wires	Reverse polarity of RS-485 wires
Other digital sensors interfere with data communication	Check configuration of connected Sommer sensors; configure MRL-7 to poll data from sensors
Image viewer on PC does not open	Verify that an image viewer is installed on your PC
Third-party camera in use	Camera may require a different communication protocol. Contact Sommer Messtechnik for compatibility information.

A.9.2 Transmitted images are incomplete

Reason	Solution
The time of the image transmission overlaps	Change Data transmission offset to a time that
with the start of a sensor measurement, caus-	does not overlap with any other task. An odd
ing a communication conflict.	time, e.g. 02:20, may resolve this conflict.

A.10 Firmware & software

A.10.1 Commander loads wrong setup

If the setup is reloaded from the device the Commander seems to display an old version.

Cause	Solution
The device has been connected to the same PC before and several different setup files have been loaded.	Delete the setup files of the device that have been downloaded by Commander to the folder <i>C:\User-s\Public\Documents\Sommer\Setup</i> . The respective files can be identified by the serial number in the file name and the file date.

A.10.2 Firmware update via RS-485 is aborted

Reason	Solution
USB to RS-485 converter cable is damaged or can only operate on 9600 baud.	Replace USB to RS-485 converter cable. The programmer requires 57600 baud.

Appendix B Tipps & tricks

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B.1 Set a minute counter

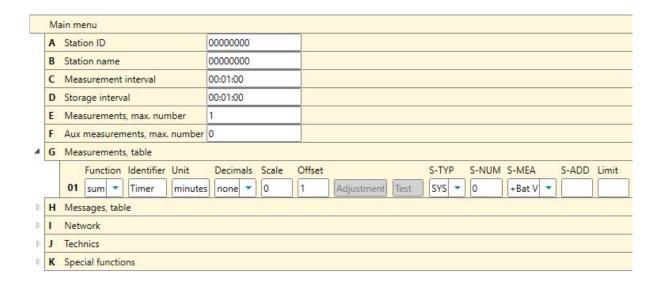
Use

Send a message or trigger an action in a defined interval

Implementation

A minute counter is defined in Measurement table as follows:

- 1. Set Storage interval to 00:01:00
- 2. Create a channel with Function sum
- 3. Enter an arbitrary Identifier and the Unit *minutes*
- 4. Set Decimals to none, Scale to 0 and Offset to 1



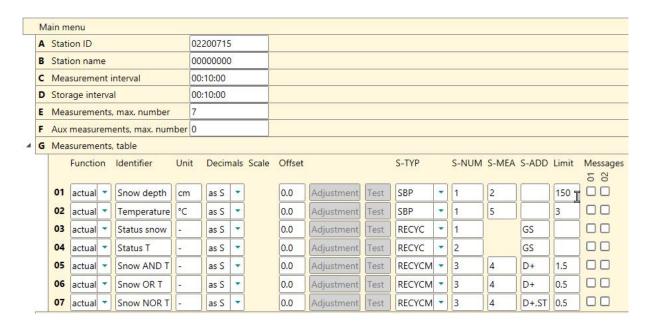
B.2 Set combined limits

Use

Combine limits that trigger an action. For example, a message should be sent if both, the snow depth the air temperature exceed their individual limits.

Implementation

Combined limits are defined in Measurement table as in the example below. The channels 5, 6 and 7 show how the limits are combined by logical AND, OR and NOR.



B.3 Perform a delayed action

Use

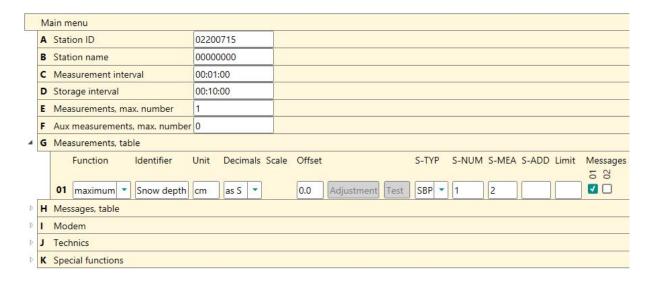
Delay an action, e.g. an e-mail message, by a certain time.

Implementation

A delayed action is defined in Measurement table as follows:

- 1. Set the Storage interval to a time longer than Measurement Interval
- 2. Create a channel with Functionminimum, or maximum

The action is triggered after a full cycle of Storage interval has elapsed.



B.4 Set a status control

Use

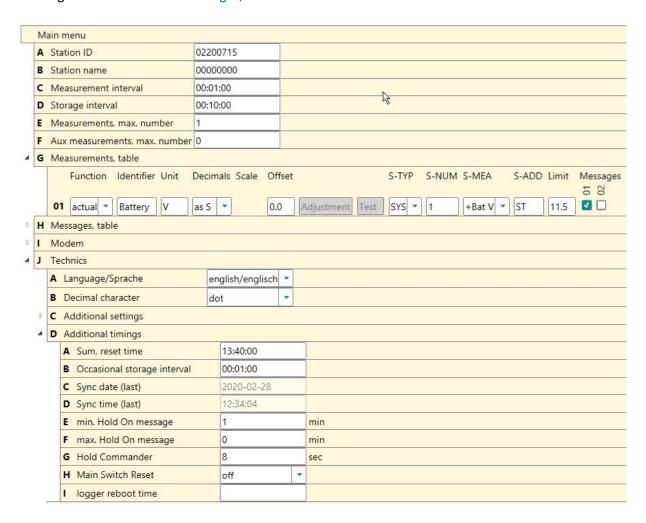
Perform a regular action to verify that the system is running, e.g. send a status message every minute.

Implementation

A status control is defined in Measurement table as follows:

- 1. Define a channel that reads a monitoring variable, e.g. the battery voltage, and set its limit value.
- 2. In Additional timings set min. Hold on message to a duration smaller than Storage interval.

In the example below the status of the battery voltage is reported every minute. A corresponding message can be defined in Messages, table



B.5 Activate a switched output

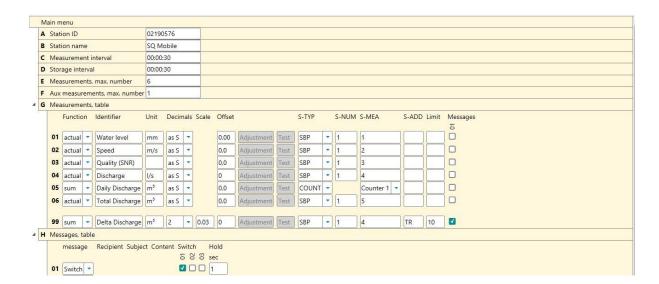
Use

Repeatedly trigger one of the MRL-7 switched outputs (SW1, SW2, SW3). In the example below a switched output is set to high after every 10 m³ of water that have passed a discharge sensor. The output is active for 1 second.

Implementation

A switched output is defined in Measurement table as follows:

- 1. Add an auxiliary measurement channel in Aux measurements, max. number. This channel is displayed with index 99 at the end of the measurement table.
- 2. Complete the settings according to data line 99 the example below:
 - 1. The Scale of 0.03 converts the flow rate in I/s to a total flow in m³ by multiplying the flow rate with the Measurement Interval.
 - 2. S-MEA 4 reads the Discharge in I/s as in data line 04.
 - 3. The command *TR* in S-ADD resets *Delta Discharge* after the Limit of *10* has been exceeded.
- 3. Add a switch-action in Messages, table by selecting Message *Switch*, activating one of the switches and setting an appropriate Hold time in seconds.



Appendix C Escape characters

The following escape characters may be used for parameter values where indicated:

Escape character	ASCII representation
\1	#
\2	;
\3	?
\4	
\r	<cr></cr>
\n	<lf></lf>
\t	<tab></tab>
\\	\

Appendix D DIP-switches

The signal type of the counter inputs can be configured with three DIP-switches. Their location is shown in Figure 1.



Figure 1 DIP-switches

To configure the counter inputs to receive signals from a sensor with either an open collector output or a source output, set the DIP-switches according to the following table:

Old MRL-7 versions (3x2 switches)

DIP- switch	Position	Function			
SW322	off on 2 length	Pin Wind-Dir on terminal X12 is configured as analog input to receive a wind direction signal (potentiometer), and pin Counter-2b on terminal X19 is deactivated.			
	off on 2	Pin Counter-2b on terminal X19 is configured as counter input with a pull-up resistor (connects to a sensor with an open-collector output). Pin Wind-Dir on terminal X12 is deactivated.			
	off on 1	Pin Counter-2b on terminal X19 is configured as counter input with a pull-down resistor (connects to a sensor with an active output).			

DIP- switch	Position	Function
SW321	off on 2	Pin Counter-2a on terminal X19 is configured as counter input with a pull-up resistor (connects to a sensor with an open-collector output).
	off on 2	Pin Counter-2a on terminal X19 is configured as counter input with a pull-down resistor (connects to a sensor with an active output).
SW320	off on 2	Pin Counter-1 on terminal X10 is configured as counter input with a pull-up resistor (connects to a sensor with an open-collector output).
	off on 2	Pin Counter-1 on terminal X10 is configured as counter input with a pull-down resistor (connects to a sensor with an active output).

New MRL-7 versions (3x4 switches)

DIP-switch	Position				Function
RS485	1	2	3	4	(default)
(SW500)	off	off	off	off	
RS485 (SW501)	sleep on sleep off				
Wn-Dir	1	2	3	4	(default)
(SW321)	off	off	off	off	
Dig	1	2	3	4	(default)
(SW320)	on	off	on	off	

Appendix E CRC-16 array

```
CRC-16 array
      crc16tab[] =
   2
   3
      0x0000, 0x1021, 0x2042, 0x3063, 0x4084, 0x50A5, 0x60C6, 0x70E7,
      0x8108, 0x9129, 0xA14A, 0xB16B, 0xC18C, 0xD1AD, 0xE1CE, 0xF1EF,
   4
   5
      0x1231, 0x0210, 0x3273, 0x2252, 0x52B5, 0x4294, 0x72F7, 0x62D6,
   6
      0x9339, 0x8318, 0xB37B, 0xA35A, 0xD3BD, 0xC39C, 0xF3FF, 0xE3DE,
   7
      0x2462, 0x3443, 0x0420, 0x1401, 0x64E6, 0x74C7, 0x44A4, 0x5485,
      0xA56A, 0xB54B, 0x8528, 0x9509, 0xE5EE, 0xF5CF, 0xC5AC, 0xD58D,
   8
      0x3653, 0x2672, 0x1611, 0x0630, 0x76D7, 0x66F6, 0x5695, 0x46B4,
   9
      0xB75B, 0xA77A, 0x9719, 0x8738, 0xF7DF, 0xE7FE, 0xD79D, 0xC7BC,
  10
      0x48C4, 0x58E5, 0x6886, 0x78A7, 0x0840, 0x1861, 0x2802, 0x3823,
  11
      0xC9CC, 0xD9ED, 0xE98E, 0xF9AF, 0x8948, 0x9969, 0xA90A, 0xB92B,
  12
  13
      0x5AF5, 0x4AD4, 0x7AB7, 0x6A96, 0x1A71, 0x0A50, 0x3A33, 0x2A12,
  14
      0xDBFD, 0xCBDC, 0xFBBF, 0xEB9E, 0x9B79, 0x8B58, 0xBB3B, 0xAB1A,
      0x6CA6, 0x7C87, 0x4CE4, 0x5CC5, 0x2C22, 0x3C03, 0x0C60, 0x1C41,
  15
  16
      0xEDAE, 0xFD8F, 0xCDEC, 0xDDCD, 0xAD2A, 0xBD0B, 0x8D68, 0x9D49,
  17
      0x7E97, 0x6EB6, 0x5ED5, 0x4EF4, 0x3E13, 0x2E32, 0x1E51, 0x0E70,
  18
      0xFF9F, 0xEFBE, 0xDFDD, 0xCFFC, 0xBF1B, 0xAF3A, 0x9F59, 0x8F78,
  19
      0x9188, 0x81A9, 0xB1CA, 0xA1EB, 0xD10C, 0xC12D, 0xF14E, 0xE16F,
  20
      0x1080, 0x00A1, 0x30C2, 0x20E3, 0x5004, 0x4025, 0x7046, 0x6067,
      0x83B9, 0x9398, 0xA3FB, 0xB3DA, 0xC33D, 0xD31C, 0xE37F, 0xF35E,
  21
      0x02B1, 0x1290, 0x22F3, 0x32D2, 0x4235, 0x5214, 0x6277, 0x7256,
  22
  23
      0xB5EA, 0xA5CB, 0x95A8, 0x8589, 0xF56E, 0xE54F, 0xD52C, 0xC50D,
  24
      0x34E2, 0x24C3, 0x14A0, 0x0481, 0x7466, 0x6447, 0x5424, 0x4405,
      0xA7DB, 0xB7FA, 0x8799, 0x97B8, 0xE75F, 0xF77E, 0xC71D, 0xD73C,
  25
      0x26D3, 0x36F2, 0x0691, 0x16B0, 0x6657, 0x7676, 0x4615, 0x5634,
  26
      0xD94C, 0xC96D, 0xF90E, 0xE92F, 0x99C8, 0x89E9, 0xB98A, 0xA9AB,
  27
      0x5844, 0x4865, 0x7806, 0x6827, 0x18C0, 0x08E1, 0x3882, 0x28A3,
  28
      0xCB7D, 0xDB5C, 0xEB3F, 0xFB1E, 0x8BF9, 0x9BD8, 0xABBB, 0xBB9A,
  29
  30
      0x4A75, 0x5A54, 0x6A37, 0x7A16, 0x0AF1, 0x1AD0, 0x2AB3, 0x3A92,
      0xFD2E, 0xED0F, 0xDD6C, 0xCD4D, 0xBDAA, 0xAD8B, 0x9DE8, 0x8DC9,
  31
      0x7C26, 0x6C07, 0x5C64, 0x4C45, 0x3CA2, 0x2C83, 0x1CE0, 0x0CC1,
  33
      0xEF1F, 0xFF3E, 0xCF5D, 0xDF7C, 0xAF9B, 0xBFBA, 0x8FD9, 0x9FF8,
      0x6E17, 0x7E36, 0x4E55, 0x5E74, 0x2E93, 0x3EB2, 0x0ED1, 0x1EF0
  34
  35
      }
```

Glossary

М

Modbus

A serial communications protocol for connecting industrial electronic devices.

R

RS-485

A standard defining the signal transmission in serial communication systems.

S

SDI-12

Asynchronous serial communications protocol for intelligent sensors (Serial Digital Interface at 1200 baud)

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М

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